2017NWT Water2018Stewardship Strategy

Progress Review Summary



Government of Northwest Territories If you would like this information in another official language, call us. English

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> Kīspin ki nitawihtīn ē nīhīyawihk ōma ācimōwin, tipwāsinān. Cree

Thchǫ yatı k'ęę. Dı wegodı newǫ dè, gots'o gonede. Thchǫ

?erıhti's Dëne Suliné yatı t'a huts'elkër xa beyáyatı thera rat'e, nuwe ts'ën yóltı. Chipewyan

Edı gondı dehgáh got'ıe zhatıé k'ęę edatł'éh enahddhę nıde naxets'ę edahłı. South Slavey

K'áhshó got'ıne xədə k'é hederı zedihtl'é yeriniwę nidé dúle. North Slavey

Jii gwandak izhii ginjìk vat'atr'ijąhch'uu zhit yinohthan jì', diits'àt ginohkhìi. Gwich'in

> Uvanittuaq ilitchurisukupku Inuvialuktun, ququaqluta. Inuvialuktun

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Hapkua titiqqat pijumagupkit Inuinnaqtun, uvaptinnut hivajarlutit. Inuinnaqtun

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Table of Contents

Chec	king Our Progress	2
2	017/2018 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review Summary	2
Т	he Four Components	3
А	boriginal Steering Committee (ASC)	4
А	ction Item Status Overview	5
1.0 V	Vork Together	8
1	.1 Partnerships	9
1	.2 Information Management	11
1	.3 Communication and Engagement	13
1	.4 Capacity Building, Leadership, Training and Education	14
1	.5 Transboundary Discussions, Agreements and Obligations	15
A	dditional Information	16
2.0 K	Know and Plan	17
	Cnow and Plan 1.1 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater	17
2	.1 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater	
2	2.1 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components	
2 2 A	 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components A collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring 	
2 2 A 3.0 U	 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components A collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring Additional Information 	18 20 21 22
2 2 A 3.0 U 3	 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components A collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring Additional Information 	
2 2 A 3.0 U 3 3	 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components A collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring Additional Information Use Responsibly Municipal Water Use 	
2 2 A 3.0 U 3 3 A	 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components A collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring Additional Information Ise Responsibly Municipal Water Use Industrial Water Use 	

Checking Our Progress

2017/2018 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review Summary

Northern Voices, Northern Waters: The NWT Water Stewardship Strategy (Water Strategy) is a made-in-the North strategy developed collaboratively with water partners in the Northwest Territories (NWT). Since the first version of the Water Strategy was released in 2010, two fiveyear Action Plans have been developed.

The current Action Plan for 2016-2020 comprises four components, 149 Action Items and 54 Performance Indicators that guide Water Strategy implementation. The *2017/2018 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review* is the second annual progress review under the Action Plan and summarizes the status of all 2017 and 2018 Action Items and provides examples of Performance Indicators. The review is based on survey responses from water partners¹, communication and meetings with lead water partners, a document review and database analytics. By 2020, our goal is to have fully implemented the Action Plan and contributed to the vision and goals of the Water Strategy.

Water partners include anyone who has a role in water stewardship.

Data for each Performance Indicator and Action Item are recorded in a comprehensive spreadsheet available at nwtwaterstewardship.ca.

¹ Survey response rates varied by survey question. This variation is reflected in the reported Performance Indicator statistics.

The Water Strategy, Action Plans, *2016/2017 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review Summary* and more detailed information on the status of 2017/2018 Performance Indicators and Action Items are available online at nwtwaterstewardship.ca. You can also request the information by emailing nwtwaterstrategy@gov.nt.ca.

The Four Components

Water Strategy activities are organized into four main components: Work Together, Know and Plan, Use Responsibly and Check Our Progress.

Specific Action Items and Performance Indicators under each of these four components identify what work needs to be done and how its success will be evaluated.

CHECK OUR PROGRESS

Actions ensure progress is made in achieving the Water Stratery vision. This includes measuring and reporting on progress. Reporting results of, and responses to, evaluations and reviews must be transparent.

> Vision and Principles

USE RESPONSIBLY

Actions ensure water managers have the information necessary to make wellreasoned decisions.

WORK TOGETHER

Actions ensure a cooperative environment to support water managers and water partners in sharing information, building capacity and working together.

KNOW AND PLAN

Actions ensure the implementation of multi-disciplinary aquatic monitoring and research programs. These programs consider traditional, local and western scientific knowledge and use this information in the planning and implementation of water stewardship activities.





Aboriginal Steering Committee (ASC)

The ASC, which guided the development of the Water Strategy and Action Plans, continues to guide the implementation of the Water Strategy. This guidance makes sure implementation activities represent the values of Indigenous governments and people, while respecting Aboriginal and treaty rights. The ASC comprises representatives from the following Indigenous governments:

- Acho Dene Koe First Nation
- Dehcho First Nations
- Gwich'in Tribal Council
- Inuvialuit Regional Corporation
- Kátť odeeche First Nation
- Nahanni Butte Dene Band
- North Slave Métis Alliance
- Northwest Territory Métis Nation
- Sahtú Secretariat Incorporated
- Salt River First Nation
- Tłįchǫ Government
- Akaitcho Territory Government (observer)

Action Item Status Overview

Progress on Action Items was assessed based on the following criteria:

• Not started

Activities towards completion of the Action Item have not started and no deliverables currently exist.

• In progress

Activities towards completion of the Action Item have begun and there are deliverables; however, there is still work to do.

• Complete

The Action Item is complete and information and deliverables are available to water partners.

• Complete for reporting period and ongoing The Action Item is complete for the current reporting period; however, the Action Item requires ongoing work.

The percentages shown indicate the overall progress for Action Items assessed during the 2017/2018 Progress Review.

- Not started
- In progress ······
- Complete ······
- Complete for reporting period and ongoing



•**5**3%

•**4**3%

OUR VISION

The waters of the Northwest Territories will remain clean, abundant and productive for all time.

NWT waters are important for ecosystems and the people within those ecosystems. The vision of the Water Strategy reflects the importance of working collaboratively to make sure the water continues to sustain our ecosystems and meet health, cultural and economic needs of current and future generations. Collectively and individually, water partners must commit to continue working towards this vision.

Work Together

- **1.1** Partnerships
- **1.2** Information Management
- 1.3 Communication and Engagement
- **1.4** Capacity Building, Leadership, Training and Education
- **1.5** Transboundary Discussions, Agreements and Obligations

Lead Water Partners for 2017/2018 Action Items

- Aboriginal Steering Committee (ASC)
- Aurora College
- Aurora Research Institute
- Dechinta Centre for Research and Learning (Dechinta)
- Dehcho Aboriginal Aquatic Resource and Oceans Management Program (AAROM)
- Ecology North
- Environment and Natural Resources (ENR), Government of the Northwest Territories (GNWT)
- Land and Water Boards of the Mackenzie Valley and the Inuvialuit Water Board
- Sahtú Renewable Resources Board
- Tides Canada

Status of Action Item Progress: Work Together

- Not started
- In progress
- Complete for reporting period and ongoing

56⁰

42%

11

4 NWT watershed and natural resource planning and management documents referenced the Water Strategy.

27 (out of 46) water partners indicated they are actively engaged in specific Keys to Success.

Partnerships

Partnerships are essential for water stewardship in the NWT. All partners and individuals have responsibility for water stewardship.

At the 8th Annual Water Strategy Implementation Workshop held in Dettah in November 2017, approximately 70 water partners reviewed progress towards implementing the goals and vision of the Water Strategy and Action Plan. The workshop provided an opportunity for water partners to share information and knowledge, learn about different knowledge systems and approaches to water stewardship, discuss collaboration opportunities and consider Water Strategy research priorities. The 2017 Water Strategy Implementation Workshop Summary Report is available at nwtwaterstewardship.ca.

The workshops and progress reviews also advance progress on Action Items under the Action Plan section *1.1 Partnerships* by encouraging water partners to share implementation successes and challenges. For example, water partners highlighted the success of the Water Strategy in centralizing the activities of all water partners towards common goals for water stewardship in the NWT.

Additional successes include increased engagement and training opportunities for youth, increased opportunities for water partners to exchange information and improved Water Strategy communication to help maintain engagement and build relationships.

Water partners acknowledged that, while implementation progress is well communicated, more work is needed to clearly demonstrate how Water Strategy activities relate to legislative and policy initiatives in the NWT. There were also recommendations to extend the presence of Water Strategy activities and communication into communities and regions beyond Yellowknife. (out of 45) water partners indicated they are aware of their role in implementing the Water Strategy.

12

Information Management

Water stewardship activities and decisions must be supported by adequate, accurate, current and accessible data and information. This information includes scientific, local and traditional knowledge.

The NWT Cumulative Impact Monitoring Program - ENR (NWT CIMP) finalized water quality metadata guidelines in 2017. The guidelines help make sure water quality data are presented in a uniform format that allows people to more easily compare and interpret the data. These guidelines support other initiatives, such as the development of water quality baseline guidelines and revised Aquatic Effects Monitoring Program (AEMP) guidelines.

The NWT Discovery Portal and Mackenzie DataStream provide platforms to share water monitoring and research data and information among water partners and the public. Additional long-term water quality monitoring data are stored by ENR in its Lodestar database and are available to water partners upon request. Requests for data are tracked and work is underway to add this long-term water quality monitoring data to Mackenzie DataStream.

In 2017, NWT CIMP released two online plain language videos about projects looking at cumulative environmental effects, including impacts on aquatic ecosystems: *Wildfire Impacts on the*



49% (22 out of 46) of water partners indicated they use traditional and local knowledge often in decision making.

73% (19 out of 26) of water partners indicated they use western science often in decision making. *North Slave Region Ecosystem* (available in English and French) and *Boots on the Ground: Traditional Knowledge Monitoring of Caribou* (available in Tłıcho, English and French).

Audio recordings of the plain language summary of the 2016-2020 Action Plan are available in all NWT official languages.

NOT STARTED:

• The NWT Water Monitoring Inventory was originally released in 2013 and will be updated in 2018/2019.

The NWT Discovery Portal averaged 145 monthly users and Mackenzie DataStream averaged 358 monthly users.



water stewardship projects received guidance from the ASC in 2017.

two significant water stewardship updates were made to the NWT Water Stewardship website in 2017.

Communication and Engagement

Good communication and engagement are necessary for building and maintaining effective relationships and keeping water partners and the public informed about water stewardship.

Water partners used different communication and engagement methods to keep water partners and the public informed about water stewardship. For example, many organizations provided update presentations at community fairs, workshops and conferences, including the 2017 Water Strategy Implementation Workshop and 2017 Geoscience Forum. Websites and online databases are also commonly used to share information and reports, such as the NWT drinking water website and updates to the NWT water stewardship website. These methods are often used in addition to community meetings, emails and direct communication.

ASC members continue to liaise with their respective Indigenous governments about the Water Strategy, communicating regularly and providing updates before, during and after ASC meetings. The ASC also provides ongoing guidance on Water Strategy implementation activities, including work related to information sharing and traditional knowledge. Five ASC meetings were held in 2017.

30 water stewardship outreach activities were delivered during 2017/2018.

29 (out of 33) communities are involved in aquatic communitybased monitoring.

Capacity Building, Leadership, Training and Education

Increasing local capacity, technical skills and knowledge of water stewardship through education, training and engagement is crucial to the continued success of the Water Strategy.

Water partners hosted and supported a range of water education and leadership programming across the NWT, including classroom education and community events to promote Canada Water Week, *#loveNWTwater* campaign outreach events and activities, a twoday Youth Water Stewardship Leadership Workshop, the 2nd Annual Youth Water Stewardship Photo Contest, Rivers to Oceans Day, and various on-the-land and community-led research and monitoring initiatives.

ENR partnered with communities from across the NWT to provide opportunities for community monitors to build capacity and gain experience in water quality monitoring using different sampling techniques and equipment. Training was provided as part of the NWT-wide Community-based Water Quality Monitoring Program (CBM) and through additional NWT CIMP funded projects.

Water partners also made advancements in supporting and promoting each other's educational initiatives. For example, Ecology North hosted two water-focused resource sharing seminars at the NWT Educators Conference and launched *NWT Science Focus*, an online database of environmental science-related lesson plans for NWT educators. In early 2017, ENR released the 2017/2018 Youth Water Stewardship Opportunities Calendar to connect youth with water-related education activities and programs.

12 implementation activities were completed and 2 are in progress under the Alberta-NWT Agreement.

3 implementation activities were completed under the BC-NWT Agreement.

Transboundary Discussions, Agreements and Obligations

Successful transboundary discussions, agreements and obligations with neighbouring jurisdictions help ensure the waters of the NWT remain clean, abundant and productive for all time.

Working Together to Manage Our Shared Waters: Alberta-Northwest Territories Bilateral Management Committee Annual Report to Ministers – 2015/16 was released in November 2017.

Examples of additional Alberta-NWT implementation activities completed in 2017/2018 include: holding three Bilateral Water Management Committee (BMC) meetings; completion of a *Traditional Knowledge Synthesis Report* for biological indicators in the Hay and Slave Rivers; piloting a benthic macroinvertebrate field program on the Slave and Hay Rivers; and establishing an Alberta-NWT Traditional Knowledge Working Group.

British Columbia and NWT are discussing implementation priorities and a preliminary work plan to share with the British Columbia-NWT BMC, once it is established. Information about the progress of negotiations and implementation of both agreements was communicated in the 2016/2017 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review Summary; at ASC meetings; and through various presentations (e.g., the Canadian Water Resources Association Conference (June 2017), the Keepers XI: Tu Beta Ts'ena Gathering (August 2017), and the Water Strategy Implementation Workshop (November 2017)). The NWT and Yukon signed a transboundary water agreement in 2002. Discussions to update and align this agreement with more recently signed agreements occurred in fall 2017 and winter 2018.

The NWT anticipates negotiation of a Saskatchewan-NWT transboundary water agreement once Saskatchewan is ready and a NWT-Nunavut transboundary water agreement once Nunavut has completed a territorial water strategy.

Additional Information

More information on Work Together implementation activities can be found in the following websites and resources.

Websites

- Ecology North ecologynorth.ca
- Mackenzie DataStream mackenziedatastream.ca
- NWT Drinking Water nwtdrinkingwater.ca
- NWT Discovery Portal
 nwtdiscoveryportal.enr.gov.nt.ca
- NWT On-The-Land Collaborative nwtontheland.ca
- NWT Science Focus nwtsciencefocus.ca
- NWT Water Stewardship nwtwaterstewardship.ca
- #loveNWTwater Campaign lovenwtwater.ca

Resources

- Metadata Standards for Reporting Water Quality Information in the NWT sdw.enr.gov.nt.ca/nwtdp_upload/ NWTCIMP%202016%20Metadata%20 Standards.pdf
- NWT CIMP plain language videos www.enr.gov.nt.ca/en/services/cumulativeimpact-monitoring-program-nwt-cimp
- *Water Strategy Implementation Workshop Summary Report – 2017* nwtwaterstewardship.ca
- Working Together to Manage Our Shared Waters: Alberta-NWT BMC Annual Report to Ministers 2015/16

www.enr.gov.nt.ca/sites/enr/files/resources/ ab-nwt_annual_report_web_ready_171117.pdf

• 2016-2020 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Action Plan - audio summaries www.soundcloud.com/user-760585040/nwtwater-stewardship-action-plan-english

Know and Plan

- 2.1 Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components
- 2.2 A Collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring



- Academic partners
- Aurora College
- Aurora Research Institute
- Dehcho AAROM
- Ducks Unlimited Canada (DUC)
- ENR
- Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC)
- Land and Water Boards of the Mackenzie Valley and The Inuvialuit Water Board
- Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board (MVEIRB)
- NWT Centre for Geomatics, GNWT

Status of Action Item Progress: Know and Plan

- In progress
- Complete
- Complete for reporting period and ongoing



Photo: Leland Lennie-Andrew



2.1

Current water quality and quantity networks are made up of 206 stations/sites.² Aquatic Ecosystems, including Water Quality, Water Quantity, Groundwater and Biological Components

Research and monitoring are critical to more fully understand the structure and function of aquatic ecosystems and impacts and cumulative effects on NWT waters.

NWT water quality and water quantity networks are maintained by lead water partners, in collaboration with other partners. Most water quality monitoring programs use standardized sampling protocols to ensure data comparability within programs; however, most protocols are not standardized across programs due to different monitoring objectives.

NWT CIMP funded 33 projects in 2017/2018 to improve understanding of cumulative impacts in the NWT. Findings were shared publicly through results workshops, the NWT Discovery Portal and NWT Environmental Research Bulletins.

² Excluding SNP and AEMP sites

using water partners indicated their organization is currently using geomatic tools.

In 2017, ENR initiated new discussions to help identify the most suitable biological indicators for monitoring NWT transboundary rivers. Work is ongoing to develop and pilot an approach to monitor benthic invertebrates in NWT transboundary rivers.

Water partners also led and supported research projects to explore different dimensions of human interactions and relationships with the aquatic environment. *Tracking Change* is a research project led by the University of Alberta, the Traditional Knowledge Steering Committee of the Mackenzie River Basin Board and the GNWT, in partnership with many other organizations. The project funded water-related community-led projects to further traditional and local knowledge research about social and ecological change in the Mackenzie River Basin.

Water partners came to consensus on the importance of broad Water Strategy research topics in 2017. However, water partners agreed research priorities need to be locally and community driven. Water partners recommended supporting and enhancing existing research processes and protocols that identify specific research priorities in collaboration with communities. Photo: Marisa Carter



2.2

aquatic community-based monitoring programs are active in the NWT. All have defined goals and 5 have standardized monitoring protocols.

Of the 85 water-related research licences issued by the Aurora Research Institute in 2017, 26 actively involved communities, 10 of which were community-led.

A Collaborative Approach to Community-based Monitoring

Collaborative community-based monitoring fosters a range of innovations and benefits, including increased awareness of water stewardship, improved traditional knowledge collection and applications and increased community involvement in research and monitoring program design.

Seven aquatic community-based monitoring programs were active in the NWT in 2017, varying in scope, size and approaches to monitoring. These programs include: NWT-wide Communitybased Water Quality Monitoring (CBM) Program; Tłįcho Aquatic Ecosystem Monitoring Project; Marian Watershed Monitoring Program; Lutsel K'e Dene First Nation's Ni hat'ni Dene Watching the Land Monitoring Program; Inuvialuit Settlement Region Community-based Monitoring Program; Long-term Monitoring of Great Bear Lake Fisheries and the Aquatic Ecosystem; and the Dehcho K'éhodi Program.

Common approaches to capacity building and community participation include: active involvement in field work; providing water quality sample collection and sampling equipment quality assurance and quality control training; and seeking community input into the project design. Dechinta provides students with opportunities to work closely with elders, faculty and traditional knowledge holders through various initiatives, including water research projects. The NWT-wide CBM program is the largest community-based water quality monitoring program, building capacity and partnerships in 21 communities through frequent training sessions and handson monitoring. The CBM program underwent a five-year program evaluation and technical data review in 2017, concluding the program is well supported, the commitment among the partners is high, and the data can be successfully used to detect changes and trends in water quality.

Additional Information

More information on Know and Plan implementation activities can be found in the following websites and resources.

Websites

- Dechinta Centre for Research and Learning dechinta.ca
- Mackenzie DataStream mackenziedatastream.ca
- NWT CIMP nwtcimp.ca
- NWT Discovery Portal nwtdiscoveryportal.enr.gov.nt.ca
- Tracking Change trackingchange.ca

Resources

- Dehcho K'éhodi Program dehcho.org/resource-management/ dehcho-kehodi
- ECCC National Water Quantity Data https://wateroffice.ec.gc.ca/mainmenu/real_ time_data_index_e.html
- Inuvialuit Settlement Region Community-based Monitoring Program www.jointsecretariat.ca/isr-cbmp/

 ECCC National Long-term Water Quality Monitoring Data
 http://data.org.go.go.data/gubstances/

http://data.ec.gc.ca/data/substances/ monitor/national-long-term-water-qualitymonitoring-data/

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 cho Lands Protection Water Monitoring Activities
 www.research.tlicho.ca/lands-protection/ monitoring-activities
- Long-term Monitoring of Great Bear Fisheries and the Aquatic Ecosystem: Project Update 2015/16 http://sdw.enr.gov.nt.ca/nwtdp_upload/ GBL%20Plain%20Language%20Project%20 Report%202015-16.pdf
- Ni hat'ni Dene Watching the Land Monitoring Program www.landoftheancestors.ca/team/ni-hatnidene-program.html
- NWT-wide Community-based Water Quality Monitoring Program (CBM) www.nwtwaterstewardship.ca/node/105

Use Responsibly 3.1 Municipal Water Use **3.2** Industrial Water Use

ENR • • • • Inuvialuit Water Board Lands, GNWT • **55**% • In progress Complete 38%

Lead Water Partners for 2017/2018 Action Items

- GNWT Interdepartmental Drinking Water and Waste Management Committee
- Health and Social Services (HSS), GNWT
- Land and Water Boards of the Mackenzie Valley and
- Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board (MVEIRB)
- Municipal and Community Affairs (MACA), GNWT

Status of Action Item Progress: Use Responsibly

Complete for reporting period and ongoing

21 (out of 32) water partners agreed the roles and responsibilities associated with drinking water in the NWT are clear.

Municipal Water Use

Compliance with municipal water licenses, consideration of traditional knowledge, ongoing sharing of information and improving water and wastewater systems are essential for ensuring confidence in community drinking water.

The 2016 GNWT Report on Drinking Water was completed in 2017 and is available on the NWT drinking water website at nwtdrinkingwater.ca. The 2017 GNWT Report on Drinking Water is anticipated for release in late 2018.

MACA is populating a new public database with chemical drinking water test results. The database is anticipated to launch in the fall of 2018. Community drinking water test results prior to December 2016 are still available in the existing GNWT public drinking water database.

Work is ongoing within HSS to utilize a different database for bacterial water sample results. Public posting of results will be done twice yearly beginning in fall 2018. Under the *Public Health Act*, HSS environmental health officers are responsible for regularly reviewing test results to ensure drinking water is safe.

ENR, MACA and the Land and Water Boards have updated and developed several guidelines and templates in 2017/2018 for municipal water licences sewage disposal facilities and water treatment plants, including: *Good Engineering Practice for Northern Water and Sewer Systems, Second Edition; Municipal Water Licence Roles and Responsibilities Guideline; Water Storage Tank Cleaning Fact Sheet; and Operation and Maintenance Plan Templates.*



21 (out of 31) water partners agreed the roles and responsibilities associated with a municipal water licence (water use, wastewater, and waste) are clear. Water partners are also continuing to participate on a Standard Council of Canada's Project to develop a *Guideline for Passive (lagoon/wetland) Wastewater Treatment Systems in Canada's North* under the project management of the Canadian Standards Association.

ENR Water Resource Officers (WROs) conduct inspections for municipal water licence holders and report on compliance in the GNWT Inspection Reporting and Risk Assessment system. Work is ongoing under the Land and Water Board's policies and Areas of Operation to develop and implement a plan to enhance municipal water licence compliance. When there is capacity to do so, the Land and Water Boards work with ENR WROs and community governments to provide technical assistance and training to community members related to municipal water licence sampling requirements.

16 (out of 28) respondents agreed industrial water licensing roles and responsibilities are clear.

Industrial Water Use

Improving understanding of water use, waste, and wastewater processes and knowledge of guidelines and regulations is critical to water partners' effective participation in regulatory and environmental assessment processes.

The Land and Water Boards, ENR, and MVEIRB have made progress in reviewing and developing various industrial regulatory guidelines, including: *Mixing Zone Guidelines* (completed); *Guidelines for Closure and Reclamation Cost Estimates for Mines* (completed); *Water Quality Baseline Guidelines* (under review); *Guidelines for Hydrocarbon Contaminated Soil Treatment Facilities* (under development); an updated Aquatic *Effects Monitoring Program Guidelines* (under development); and *Environmental Assessment Initiation Guidelines* (anticipated for public review in fall 2018).

A review of the *NWT Waters Act* (the Act) and Regulations started in 2016 and is ongoing. ENR is using a partnership approach to review proposed amendments to the Act, in collaboration with Indigenous governments, through a technical working group. A stakeholder advisory group has been established to inform non-government organizations, industry and other agencies about proposed amendments and facilitate feedback for consideration.

The MVEIRB, Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board and ENR hosted a Resource Co-Management Workshop in Yellowknife in early 2018. The workshop focused on the follow-up, monitoring

and compliance requirements of development projects in the Mackenzie Valley. The *Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act* (MVRMA) Workshop Final Report is available at reviewboard.ca.

WROs and Lands inspectors conduct industrial water licence inspections (industrial undertakings, mining and milling, and power undertaking) and track the results in the Inspection Reporting and Risk Assessment system.

Additional Information

More information on Use Responsibly Water Strategy implementation activities can be found in the following websites and resources.

Websites

- Gwich'in Land and Water Board glwb.com
- Inuvialuit Water Board inuvwb.ca
- Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board mvlwb.com
- Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board reviewboard.ca
- NWT Drinking Water nwtdrinkingwater.ca
- Sahtú Land and Water Board slwb.ca
- Wek'èezhìi Land and Water Board wlwb.ca

Resources

- Municipal water licence templates and guidelines mvlwb.com/resources/policy-and-guidelines
- Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act (MVRMA) Workshop Final Report https://mvlwb.com/content/summary-reportmackenzie-valley-resource-management-actworkshop-feb-2018
- Industrial water licence policies and guideline mvlwb.com/resources/policy-and-guidelines

pieces of water legislation were under review and 5 guidelines were reviewed in 2017.

21 (out of 32) respondents indicated they know who to contact about regulatory roles and responsibilities.

4 Check Our Progress

4.1 Routine Checks

Lead Water Partners for 2017/2018 Action Items

• ENR

Status of Action Item Progress: Check Our Progress

• Complete •

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100%



54 Performance Indicators and 119 Action Items were reviewed during the 2017/2018 Progress Review.

Routine Checks

Regular reviews of Water Strategy implementation ensure progress is being made and that adjustments can be made as necessary.

Water Strategy implementation progress for 2016/2017 was communicated to water partners and the public through the release of the 2016/2017 NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Progress Review Summary. Water partners also shared updates of recently completed, ongoing and planned implementation activities through discussions, posters and panel presentations at the 2017 Water Strategy Implementation Workshop.

In April 2018, ENR circulated an online survey to more than 100 lead and supporting water partners to collect information for the 2017/2018 Progress Review. Sixty (60) water partners responded to the survey. Additional document reviews, website analytics and email, phone and in-person communication with lead water partners also informed the Progress Review.

Implementation activities under the Work Together, Know and Plan, and Use Responsibly components of the 2016-2020 Action Plan all identify approaches for including traditional and local knowledge in Water Strategy implementation. Examples of implementation activities that included traditional and local knowledge in 2017/2018 include:

- ongoing guidance from the ASC on research activities related to traditional knowledge;
- support of on-the-land camps;
- initiation of the development of an approach for traditional knowledge informing selection of biological indicators for NWT's large transboundary rivers;
- storytelling panels and presentations at the 2017 Water Strategy Implementation Workshop;
- a two-eyed seeing workshop to support identification of indicators for the Mackenzie River Basin Board State of Aquatic Ecosystem Reporting;
- support of community-led water-related traditional knowledge projects—for example, *Tracking Change*; and
- work to ensure opportunities to include traditional and local knowledge in water licensing are clearly communicated.

The 2017/2018 Progress Review is the second review under the NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Action Plan 2016-2020.

NWT Water Stewardship Strategy Environment and Natural Resources Government of the Northwest Territories

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nwtwaterstewardship.ca

Photo: Madison Melnyk

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