

The Collaborative is a collective of diverse partners including: Tides Canada; Government of the Northwest Territories; NWT Recreation and Parks Association; McConnell Foundation; Indigenous Leadership Initiative; Dominion Diamond Corporation; TNC Canada; Diavik Diamond Mine; The Gordon Foundation; and Community Advisors representing regional Indigenous governments from across the territory.

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#### WHO WE ARE.

Northwest Territories.

and make it easier for communities should look like. to access money and other resources for on the land projects.

The Collaborative is comprised to successful applicants. They of Community Advisors, Funding include governments, philanthropic Partners, and an Administrative organizations, industry, and non-Team.

by regional Indigenous governments table.

Funding Partners provide both communications. monetary and in-kind support profits. Each Funding Partner appoints a representative to attend Community Advisors are appointed meetings and be their voice at the

The NWT On The Land process, while also assisting in the The Administrative Team includes Collaborative (the Collaborative) selection of recipients. One of the representatives from: GNWT was created in 2015 to promote and priorities of the Collaborative is Departments of Health and Social support on the land initiatives in the to reflect local priorities and ways Services and Environment and of working. From the beginning, Natural Resources; Tides Canada; community representatives have and the NWT Recreation and Parks The Collaborative brings together been at the table, articulating the Association. The Administrative government, charitable, corporate, need for a collaborative approach to Team oversees the management and other partners to combine efforts funding, but also what that approach of the Collaborative's internal processes; communication with grant recipients; partner engagement; and

#### **HOW WE WORK.**

**Collaboration:** We believe collaboration: increases available funding for land-based initiatives by drawing on diverse sectors; reduces the administrative burden for communities, which means more time for program delivery; and creates shared learning and evaluation opportunities. Our goal as a collaborative is to make the best use of financial, human, and other resources to better support the delivery of on the land programming in the NWT.

**Consensus:** Every member of the Collaborative, regardless of their position or how much they contribute to the funding pot, has an equal voice at the table and plays an important role in determining how we work.

Creativity: We intentionally place few limitations on proposals in order to encourage innovation, but also to allow communities to deliver programs that acknowledge the interconnection of social, cultural, economic, and environmental outcomes. Each year, we are inspired by the beautiful, creative, and diverse approaches that communities across the territory are using to revitalize connections to land, as well as local traditions and languages.

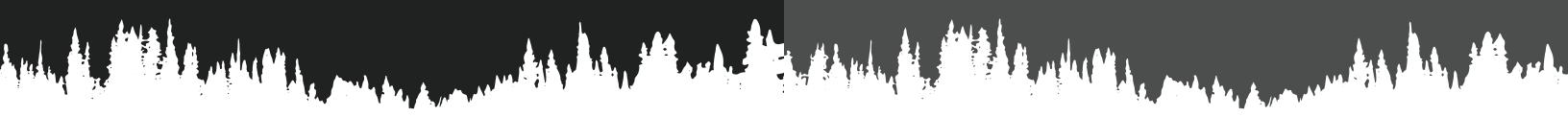
**Community:** Our open approach to project design is also meant to respect local needs. We believe strongly that communities are best positioned to determine what will work for them. We are committed to supporting local expertise and objectives. We value on the land projects that strengthen relationships within and between communities, and enhance community capacity.

**Connection:** One feature of the NWT On the Land Collaborative are learning trips - immersive and interactive experiences that connect Funding Partners and Community Advisors with grant recipients. Learning trips reflect the belief that successful collaboration depends on good relationships and good relationships are built through face-to-face interactions and shared experiences.

> The NWT On the Land Collaborative is always looking to improve how we work. The Funding Partners, Community Advisors, and Administrative Team meet regularly to discuss prospective partners; explore new opportunities; review feedback from applicants;

2018 Report

### THANK YOU, AND WELCOME...





The NWT On the Land Collaborative wishes to acknowledge the unique contributions of a very special person in the creation and success of the Collaborative. **Debbie DeLancey**, the former deputy minister of Health and Social Services, was a driving force behind the vision for more partnerships and enhanced coordination of resources in supporting on the land initiatives. Her commitment to bringing people together, and to recognizing that we achieve better health and wellness outcomes when people are able to be on the land on their own terms, laid the foundation for what the Collaborative has become. On behalf of the partners, we extend our deepest thanks to her for her vision and trust.





This year, two of the **Community Advisors** who have been with the Collaborative from the start will be moving on. The partners wish to recognize and thank **Kyle Napier** and **Meghan Etter** for their work over the last few years, for their commitment and diligence, for their appreciation of the land, and most of all for their dedication to supporting the people of the NWT. Kyle will be missed for his enthusiasm and passion, as will Meghan for her steady, confident leadership. We look forward to continued partnership with the Inuvialuit Regional Corporation and the NWT Métis Nation, and to welcoming their new representatives.







#### New Partner - Education, Culture and Employment

Jackie Siegel and Angela Young

"Identity, language and culture are rooted on the land and the places we come from. The projects funded by the NWT On The Land Collaborative support students in connecting their physical, mental, spiritual and emotional selves through land-based learning."

#### $New\ Partner-Industry,\ Tourism\ and\ Investment$

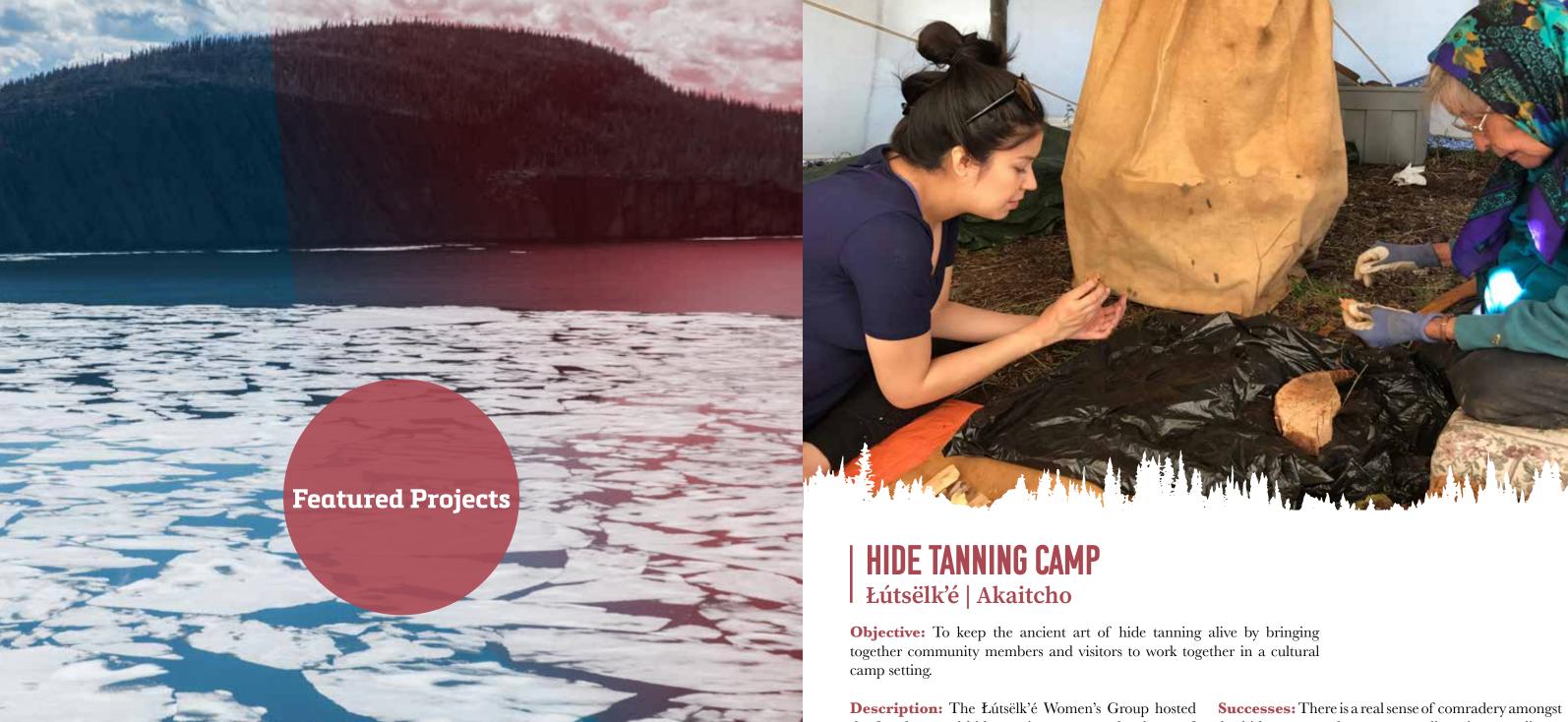
Brenda Dragon

"Being on the land allows for growth for the connectedness of our humanity to the natural world. By creating easier access and purpose by providing opportunity, the NWT On the Land Collaborative allows Northerners to more easily do what our ancestors have done since the beginning of time. Living in ways that use our cultural and traditional skills is authentic to who we are. People who spend time in nature learn to love and care - it has been shown they will then naturally protect and preserve the integrity of the land, water and animals for both themselves and for future generations."

#### New Community Advisor – Inuvialuit Region

Jimmy Ruttan

"Being on the land is such a big part of who we are, who I am. Getting out on the land or spending time in the bush calms me. It also reminds me of the simpler things needed to be whole. The land helps to secure my identity; allows me to rest and relax; it challenges and teaches me."



**Description:** The Łútsëlk'é Women's Group hosted the fourth annual hide tanning camp on the shores of Tu Nedhe, a short ride from the Dënesuhné community of Łútsëlk'é, in June 2017. Approximately 50 people from across the North of all ages, genders, and cultural backgrounds attended the camp to work on hides or support the tanners. The camp is a wonderful opportunity for people of all abilities to learn how to tan a variety of hides using traditional methods. Elders on site act as instructors and advisors. In addition to hide tanning, the camp featured drum making and hand games.

Successes: There is a real sense of comradery amongst the hide tanners; the women really enjoy spending a week in such a supportive, positive, and encouraging environment. The camp has strengthened the practice of hide tanning in Łútsëlk'é (and beyond!), while also allowing community members living in urban settings to come home and reconnect with the land, people, and cultural teachings. Children are growing up around hide tanning again, a practice that was almost lost just a few years ago. Local carvers and tool makers are also starting to make bone tools again and are making them available through the camp.



# **GRADE 9 CANOE TRIP**Fort Smith | South Slave

**Objective:** To provide grade nine students with an opportunity to spend time on the land and to develop/strengthen canoeing and camping skills.

**Description:** In mid-June, nine students in grade nine at PWK High School in Fort Smith paddled the Hornaday and Slave Rivers, ending at Fort Fitzgerald. Over the course of the three-day trip, the students, with the help of a local guide and their teachers, learned different canoe strokes, communication signals, and wildlife safety. Perhaps most importantly, they learned how to travel safely in moving water and in a range of environmental conditions, encountering everything from calm water to stiff headwinds to small rapids to choppy waves. All of the students took part in camp tasks such as cooking and cleaning; gathering wood and maintaining the fire; and hauling water. Evenings were passed by the fire telling stories.

**Successes:** The canoe trip was resurrected this year to fill a gap in on the land programming for grade nine students at PWK. It builds on land-based skills learned in earlier grades, such as setting up camp and building fires, while also providing students with minimal paddling experience the opportunity to learn how to safely travel by canoe. Students were proud of their accomplishments on the river from paddling into a headwind to making delicious food. They were also grateful for the opportunity to spend time together as a family.

### | SAHDEH CAMP | Behchokò | Thcho

**Objective:** To transmit traditional knowledge from Thcho Elders to youth through land-based activities in a camp setting.

**Description:** Sahdeh was a three-week cultural immersion camp near Behchokǫ. Thchǫ youth aged 8-23 learned about all aspects of living on the land including setting up and maintaining camp, harvesting and processing fish and animals, and boat safety. In addition to learning survival skills like wildlife awareness and dryfish making, youth participated in cultural activities like sewing, traditional games, and storytelling. The camp also provided participants with opportunities to develop leadership skills and to work together.

**Successes:** Twenty-seven of the thirty-three participants attended all three weeks of the camp. Youth participants reported feeling more confident on the land when the program ended. Through discussions and workshops on topics such as grieving, youth developed a deeper understanding of themselves. They also learned how to better manage their emotions. The wide range of ages proved to be a benefit. Older participants took on leadership roles, teaching and mentoring the younger participants.







### KA'A'GEE TU YOUTH CAMP Kakisa | Dehcho

**Objective:** To create an opportunity for youth to build relationships with each other, Elders, and the land.

cut short by weather, youth participants still had lots worked alongside the local AAROM Coordinator and university researchers to gather data and samples for a fish monitoring project. A geocaching activity was the perfect way to learn how to use GPS, while waste sorting activities familiarized them with the community's new waste management system.

**Description:** Though the week long camp was **Successes:** The youth enjoyed their time with the Elders, learning more about their childhoods and of opportunities for learning. They learned from families. Working alongside the researchers introduced the Elders about where they are from and how to the youth to some of the projects currently underway integrate themselves into the environment. They in the community and gave them an opportunity to engage with and ask questions about these initiatives. They also learned new skills. On top of all of this, they



### **BACK-TO-THE-LAND CULTURAL CAMP** Rádey<sub>l</sub>l<sub>l</sub>kóé | Sahtú

**Objective:** To offer land-based culture camps that will support community members in leading healthy and resilient lives.

**Description:** Thirty-six community members participated in the program, which took place at a bush camp 130km from the community; 21 were full-time participants. The camp took place during the yearly spring hunt, so participants had an opportunity to learn more about harvesting animals from Elders and knowledge holders. Participants also worked on moose hides, processed beavers and ducks, and made dry geese. Part of the time was spent at a satellite camp. Morning prayers, nightly sharing circles, one-on-one time with Elders, and drumming were also important parts of camp life.

**Successes:** The community as a whole has made a commitment to being healthier; the camp has been important in working toward this goal. The camp gave participants an opportunity to abstain from drugs and alcohol. While that was very challenging for some, none of the participants quit. Some of the youth who participated in the camp have left the community to continue their healing journey through treatment programs. Since the camp, there are more students in school and more community members of all ages participating in sharing circles and support groups.

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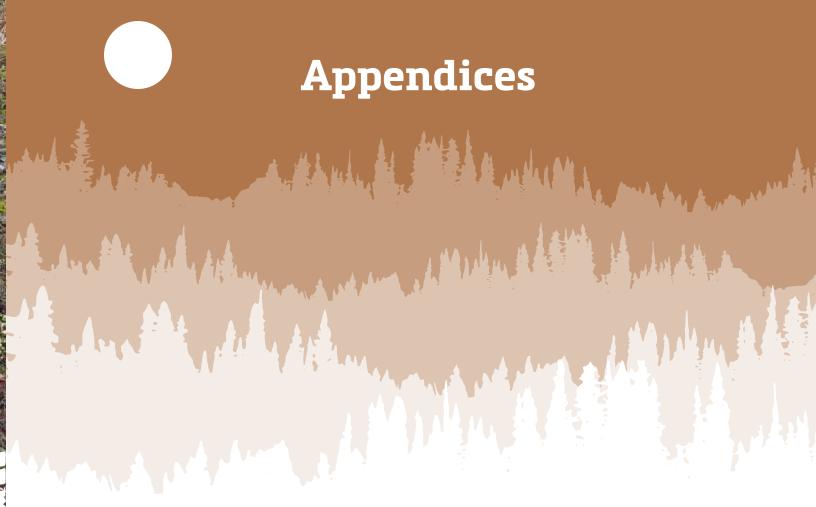
### NITSO NANKAT TR'IQWANDAIH Teetl'it Zheh | Beaufort Delta

**Objective:** To provide opportunities for students of all ages to be immersed in traditional Gwich'in culture and land-based practices.

**Description:** Nitso Nankat gave students opportunities to: work on activities. Time with the Elders Tr'iqwandaih (Land of the Midnight with moose meat and hides; pick activities tailored to students of to stories from the Elders. different ages. In June 2017, a group day camps for the younger grades of the land through different hands-

of grade 7-12 students travelled up Successes: As they travelled Teetl'it strengthens the school's ties with learned: about spring water travel; gained a deeper understanding of plants; how the seasons and time of learning the full process of trapping and teachers. day dictate hunting and trapping and harvesting animals in a landpractices; traditional place names; based context. Younger students and survival skills. In September, also deepened their understanding

is important for all of the students' Sun Project) is a series of land-based berries; gather medicines; and listen mental and emotional wellbeing. Nitso Nankat Tr'iqwandaih, which employs local land-users and Elders, Teetl'it Gwinjik (Peel River). They Gwinjik, the high school students the community. Being on the land also contributes to strong working how to identify and gather medicinal the rhythms of the land, as well as relationships between the students



**Partners** Appendix A

Appendix B - Funded Projects

The Numbers Appendix C

#### **COMMUNITY ADVISORS.**

Inuvialuit Regional Corporation Gwich'in Tribal Council Sahtú Tłucho Government Akaitcho Territory Government Dehcho First Nations NWT Métis Nation Meghan Etter/Jimmy Ruttan Susan Ross Vacant John B. Zoe Diane Giroux Misty Ireland Kyle Napier

### **FUNDING PARTNERS.**

Tides Canada GNWT – HSS

GNWT – ENR

NWT Recreation and Parks Association Indigenous Leadership Initiative

TNC Canada

**Dominion Diamond Corporation** 

McConnell Foundation Diavik Diamond Mine The Gordon Foundation GNWT – ECE

GNWT – ITI

Steve Ellis

Kyla Kakfwi-Scott

Sabrina Broadhead

Kara Guzzo Erin Kelly

Sarah True

Jess Dunkin

Steven Nitah Tracey Williams

Rebecca Plotner

Pamela Ouart-McNabb

Winter Haley Carolyn DuBois

Angela Young Jackie Siegel

Brenda Dragon

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## **FUNDED PROJECTS.**

APPLICANT	PROJECT	TYPE
Community Government of Whati	Ice Fishing	Indigenous Organization
K'àlemì Dene School	Beaver/Muskrat Camp	School
Foster Family Coalition of the NWT	Canoe Guide	NGO
Angik School	On the Land Gathering	School
Rainbow Sage Gay Straight Alliance	Rainbow River Retreat	NGO
Salvation Army Mental Health Support Services	Outdoor Recreation Programming	NGO
Hay River Métis Government Council	Bringing Youth and Elders Together	Indigenous Organization
Alexis Arrowmaker School	Christmas Camp	School
Children First Society	First Steps on the Land	NGO
?ehtseo Ayha School	Engaging Students Through On the Land	School
Janelle Nitsiza	Gonaewo: Traditional Moosehide Camp	Individual
Elizabeth Mackenzie School	On the Land Trips	School
Chief Albert Wright School	On the Land at Clement Lake	School
YWCA NWT	Youth Leadership Cultural Day Trips	NGO
Ulukhaktok Community Corporation	Summer Language Camp	Indigenous Organization
Łútsëlk'é Women's Group	Łútsëlk'é Hide Tanning Camp	NGO
Princess Alexandra School	Improving Opportunities for On the Land Activities	School
East Three Secondary School	On the Land Programs	School
Chief Julius School	Trìneedlaii Gwits'al Kheetak Tragwatsii	School
Inuvik Youth Centre Society	Youth Land Leadership Series and Exploration Trips	NGO
Yellowknife District Education Number 1	Northern Excursion Club	School
Tulıt'a Dene Band	Re-Introduciung Traditional Culture	Indigenous Organization
Yamozha Kue Society	South Slavey Immersion Camp at Sandy Creek	Indigenous Organization
PWK High School	On the Land Programs	School
Behdzi Ahda First Nation	North End Spring Camp	Indigenous Organization

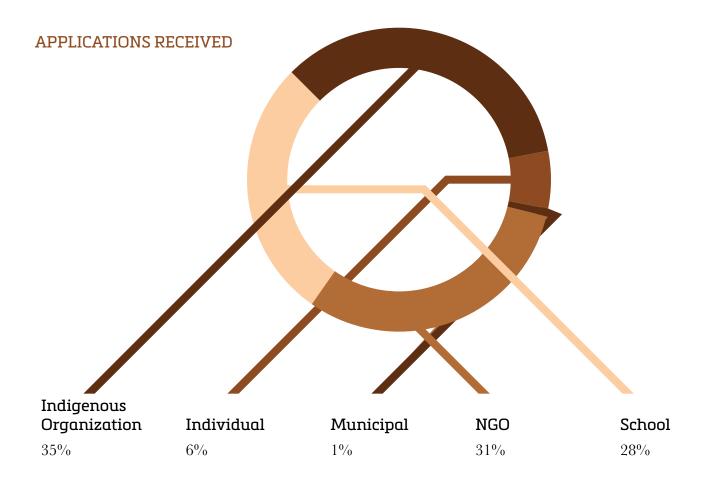
COMMUNITY	REGION	GRANT AMOUNT
Whati	Tụchọ	1,000
N'dılǫ	Akaitcho	4,300
	NWT	5,000
Paulatuk	Beaufort Delta	5,200
	South Slave	6,610
	NWT	7,000
Hay River	South Slave	8,000
Wekweèù	Tụchọ	8,750
Inuvik	Beaufort Delta	9,400
Délįnę	Sahtú	9,460
	Tụchọ	10,000
Behchokò	Tụchọ	10,000
Tulit'a	Sahtú	11,900
Yellowknife	Akaitcho	12,600
Ulukhaktok	Beaufort Delta	12,825
Łútsëlk'é	Akaitcho	13,000
Hay River	South Slave	13,400
Inuvik	Beaufort Delta	13,500
Teetl'it Zheh	Beaufort Delta	13,500
Inuvik	Beaufort Delta	13,708
Yellowknife	Akaitcho	15,000
Tulit'a	Sahtú	15,000
	South Slave	15,000
Fort Smith	South Slave	15,400
Colville Lake	Sahtú	18,611

APPLICANT	PROJECT	TYPE
Aklavik Hunters and Trappers Committee	On the Land Learning Our Culture	Indigenous Organization
Inualthuyak School	On the Land Program	School
Judy and Michel Lafferty	Fish Camp for Families and Single Moms	Individual
Inuvik Community Corporation	Land Programs	Indigenous Organization
Chief Paul Niditchie	Rediscovering Traditional Paddling Routes on the Arctic Red River: Resilience & Capacity Building	School
Délinę Got'inę Government	Déline On the Land Program	Indigenous Organization
West Point First Nation	Community Trip to Tathlina Lake	Indigenous Organization
Pehdzeh Ki First Nation	Youth On the Land	Indigenous Organization
Community Government of Gamètì	Youth On the Land Experience	Indigenous Organization
Dene Nahjo	Rites of Passage: Recognition of Being - Indigenous Women's Gathering	NGO
Deh Gáh Got'ine First Nation	Mentoring Youth On the Land (Year 2)	Indigenous Organization
Yellowknives Dene First Nation	Dechita Naowo: Environmental Monitoring and Traditional Knowledge Application in the Digital Age II	Indigenous Organization
Akaitcho Territory Government	Life as Akaitcho Dene	Indigenous Organization
Tụchọ Łeàgią Ts'uli Kọ	On the Land Healing for the Homeless in Behchokò	NGO
Łútsël K'é Dene School	Back on the Land Together	School
Colville Lake School	Spring Camp	School
Northern Youth Leadership	Summer Camps	NGO
Tulit'a Dene Band	Tło Teni?a Tue Ts'i Naihekenáhde (Walk with Us to Tate Lake)	Indigenous Organization
Yellowknife Women's Society	Trauma-Centred On the Land Healing Program	NGO
Dehcho First Nations	Dehcho K'ehodi Stewardship & Guardian Program: On the Land Capacity Building	Indigenous Organization
Deh Gáh School	Experiential Culture-Based Education On the Land	School

COMMUNITY	REGION	GRANT AMOUNT
Aklavik	Beaufort Delta	19,530
Sachs Harbour	Beaufort Delta	20,000
Fort Good Hope	Sahtú	20,000
Inuvik	Beaufort Delta	21,132
Tsiigehtchic	Beaufort Delta	21,500
Isigenteine	Beaufort Detta	21,300
Délinę	Sahtú	22,500
Hay River	South Slave	24,000
Wrigley	Dehcho	25,100
Gamètì	Tụchọ	25,400
	NWT	27,000
Fort Providence	Dehcho	28,590
Chief Drygeese Territory	Akaitcho	32,000
	Akaitcho	33,500
Behchokò	Tụchọ	33,650
Łútsëlk'é	Akaitcho	35,000
Colville Lake	Sahtú	38,000
	NWT	45,000
Tulit'a	Sahtú	52,000
Yellowknife	Akaitcho	60,000
	Dehcho	60,000
Fort Providence	Dehcho	85,000

### BY APPLICANT TYPE.

	No. of Applications	%	Amount Requested	%	No. of Applications Approved	%	Amount Granted	%
Indigenous Organization	36	35%	\$1,656,071	45%	16	33%	\$394,658	39%
Individual	6	6%	\$479,260	13%	2	$4^{0}/_{0}$	\$30,000	3%
Municipal	1	1º/o	\$2,000	0%	0	0%		0%
NGO	32	31%	\$900,223	25%	12	25%	\$252,498	25%
School	29	28%	\$632,039	17%	18	38%	\$323,210	32%
TOTAL	104	100%	\$3,669,593	100%	48	100%	\$1,000,366	100%







#### APPLICATIONS APPROVED

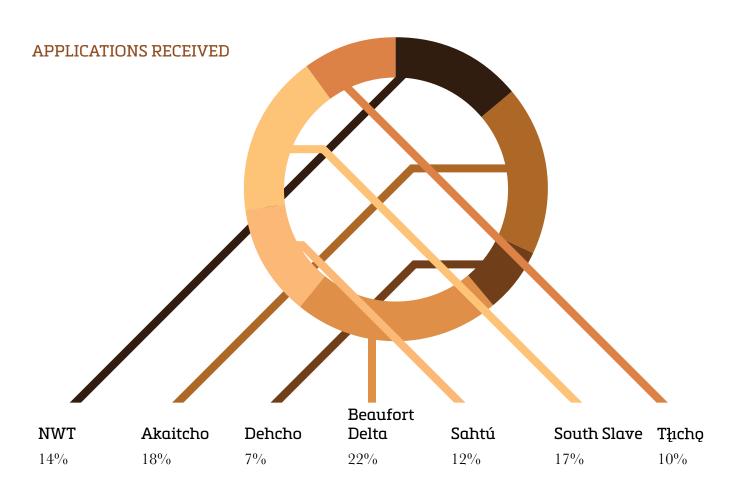
Indigenous Organization	33%
Individual	$4^{0}/_{0}$
NGO	25%
School	38%

#### AMOUNT GRANTED

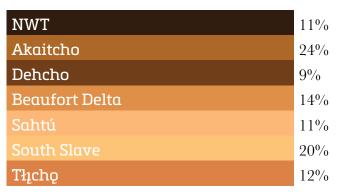


### BY REGION.

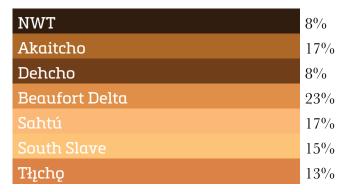
	No. of		Amount		No. of Applications		Amount	
	Applications	%	Requested	%	Approved	%	Granted	%
NWT	15	$14^{\circ}/_{\circ}$	\$389,701	11%	4	8%	\$84,000	$8^{0}/_{0}$
Akaitcho	19	18%	\$880,375	$24^{\circ}/_{\circ}$	8	$17^{o}\!/_{\!o}$	\$205,400	21%
Dehcho	7	7º/o	\$329,738	9%	4	8%	\$198,690	20%
Beaufort Delta	23	22%	\$511,883	$14^{0}/_{0}$	11	23%	\$153,595	15%
Sahtú	12	12%	\$389,975	11%	8	17%	\$187,471	19%
South Slave	18	17%	\$722,870	20%	7	15%	\$82,410	$8^{0}/_{0}$
Tłącho	10	10%	\$445,050	12%	6	13%	\$88,800	$9^{0}/_{0}$
TOTAL	104	100%	\$3,669,593	100%	48	100%	\$1,000,366	100%



#### AMOUNT REQUESTED



#### **APPLICATIONS APPROVED**



#### AMOUNT GRANTED









#### INDIGENOUS LEADERSHIP INITIATIVE











