

Source: Canadian Community Health Survey, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 2011.

The percentage of residents who smoked was below the national average only in British Columbia (15.8%). Smoking rates in Quebec (21.0%), Saskatchewan (23.8%), Alberta (21.7%), Yukon (29.3%), Northwest Territories (34.9%) and Nunavut (59.7%) were significantly above the national average. In the other provinces, the percentages were not significantly different from the national rate.

## **End notes**

- Shields, Margot. 2005. " The journey to quitting smoking." Health Reports. Vol. 16, no. 3. May. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 82-003. page 19. /studies-etudes/82-003/archive/2005/7839-eng.pdf (accessed May 11, 2010).
- 2. World Health Organization. 2008. WHO Report on the Global Tobacco Epidemic, 2008: The MPOWER Package. Geneva.

## References

Shields, Margot. 2007. " **Smoking bans: Influence on smoking prevalence**." *Health Reports*. Vol. 18, no. 3. August. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 82-003. pages 9-24. /pub/82-003-x/2006008/article/smoking-tabac/10306-eng.pdf (accessed May 11, 2010).

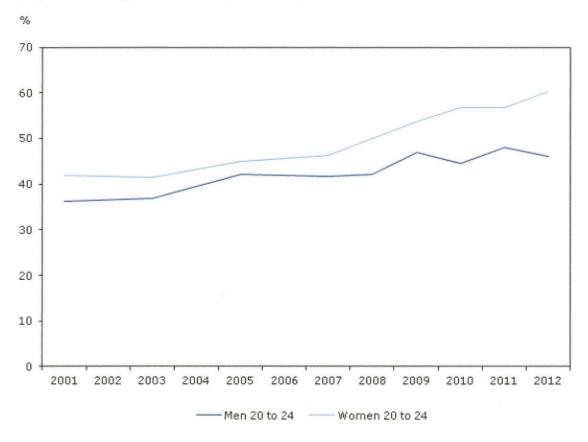
Shields, Margot. 2005. " The journey to quitting smoking." Health Reports. Vol. 16, no. 3. May. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 82-003. pages 19-36. /studies-etudes/82-003/archive/2005/7839-eng.pdf (accessed May 11, 2010).

Shields, Margot. 2005. " Youth smoking." Health Reports. Vol.16, nno 3. May. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 82-003. p. 53-57. /studies-etudes/82-003/archive/2005/7840-eng.pdf (accessed May 11, 2010).

World Health Organization. 2008. WHO Report on the Global Tobacco Epidemic, 2008: The MPOWER Package. Geneva.

## **Data**

Chart 4
Percentage who never smoked, by sex, household population aged 20 to 24, Canada, 2001 to 2012



Source: Canadian Community Health Survey, 2012.

## **Description for Chart 4**

The percentage of residents who smoked daily or occasionally was **lower** than the national average (20.3%) in:

- Ontario (19.0%)
- British Columbia (14.5%)

The percentage of residents who smoked daily or occasionally was **higher** than the national average in:

- Newfoundland and Labrador (26.1%)
- Nova Scotia (23.7%)
- New Brunswick (23.7%)
- Quebec (23.8%)
- Yukon (29.4%)
- Northwest Territories (35.8%)
- Nunavut (54.3%)

Residents of the other provinces reported rates that were about the same as the national average.