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EQUALITY FOR WOMEN

A FIVE YEAR PLAN OF ACTION

1985 - 1989

PROGRESS REPORT TO MARCH 1987

MINISTER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE STATUS OF WOME!

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

The Five-Year Action Plan on Equality for Women and the accompanying policy on Equality Between Women and Men were approved by the Government of the Northwest Territories in 1985.

They were prepared as a result of the work being done by the United Nations in assessing the achievements of The Decade for Women. At the time, the Govern ment of the Northwest Territories recognized that, while some progress had been made, there were still many areas in the social, political and economic lif of the residents of the Northwest Territories where women's status was not equal to that of men. In many areas, the Government of the Northwest Territorie did not live up to the world standards set out in international agreements to which Canada is signatory, or to the rights and freedoms guaranteed in the new Charter of Rights and Freedoms.

The policy set out a framework and a set of principles for working toward equality. The Action Plan set out a series of specific actions which the Government of the Northwest Territories would undertake in order to achieve equality in a variety of areas during the five-year life of the Plan. The various action items fall under six priority areas. These are: Integrating status of women concerns into Government of the Northwest Territories' Plans, Policies and Programs, Employment, Education, Health; Women in Public Life and Legislation.

The responsibility for the implementation of these action items rests with the appropriate departments as set out in the Plan. I, as the Minister Responsible for the Status of Women, am responsible for monitoring progress and for reporting annually.

This is the first report on progress, which covers the period to the end of March 1987. It appears in the same format as the original Plan of Action for ease of reference and comparison. The information contained in this report was requested from the individual departments and is represented here as it was forwarded by them.

While we as a Government have made some progress, there is still a long way to go. I am confident that the commitment of this Government to the Plan of Action will continue to be strong and will help promote an atmosphere in the Northwest Territories in which the economic, social and political equality of men and women will one day be a reality.

November, 1987

Red Pederser Minister Responsible Fo The Status of Wome

	METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	
RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE (TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
Policy is required to identify standards and framework for departments and Women's Secretariat regarding Status of Women issues.	Policy will be developed for Executive Council review at same time as Action Plan is reviewed.	Women's Secretariat in consultation with depart- ments (IMMEDIATELY)	This policy was approved in 1985 at the same time as the Action Plan.
To ensure an integrated approach to status of women concerns, new policies and programs should be scrutinized.	Women's Secretariat will develop a check- list for considering Status of Women issues.	Women's Secretariat	"Implications for the Status of Women" now appears in the Priorities and Planning Handbook as a consideration item in the preparation of documents.
for impact on Status of Women. - level of awareness of departmental officials will be raised Liaison with Women's Secretar- iat in policy and program develop-	Priorities and Planning Secretariat will distribute the checklist with hand- book on completing Executive Council documents. Women's Secretariat to be consulted on issues affecting Status of Women.	Priorities and Plan- ning Secretariat GNWT Departments and Agencies. (JUNE, 1985 - 1989)	
ment will be enhanced.			
	Policy is required to identify standards and framework for departments and Women's Secretariat regarding Status of Women issues. To ensure an integrated approach to status of women concerns, new policies and programs should be scrutinized for impact on Status of Women. - level of awareness of departmental officials will be raised Liaison with Women's Secretariat in policy and	Policy is required to identify standards and framework for departments and Women's Secretariat regarding Status of Women issues. To ensure an integrated approach to status of women concerns, new policies and programs should be scrutinized for impact on Status of Women. - level of awareness of departmental officials will be raised Liaison with Women's Secretariat to be women's Secretariat to be consulted on issues affecting Status of	Policy is required to identify standards and framework for Executive Council regarding Status of Women's Secretariat regarding Status of Women issues. To ensure an integrated approach to status of women issues. Women's Secretariat reviewed. Women's Secretariat reviewed. Women's Secretariat reviewed. Women's Secretariat reviewed. Women's Secretariat will develop a checklist for considering Status of Women issues. Status of Women issues. Women's Secretariat will develop a checklist of considering Status of Women issues. Friorities and Priorities and Priorities and Planning Secretariat will distribute the checklist with handof Women. Priorities and Planning Secretariat will distribute the checklist with handof dook on completing officials will be raised. Liaison with Secretariat to be consulted on issues iat in policy and affecting Status of

PRIORITY: INTEGRATING STATUS OF WOMEN CONCERNS INTO GNWT PLANS, POLICIES AND PROGRAMS

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE (TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
HOTTON TIME	MILVALID	AIM MBHIMATATION	OMIRO (IIIIA)	TROUBLED TO TARROW 1707
3. Statistical Data on Women	Good, current, stat- istical data for NWT	Statistics Bureau to consult with Women's	Statistics Bureau	The Bureau of Statistics collects and maintains statistical informa-
To enhance quality of reliable	on equality issues is	Secretariat regarding	Women's Secretariat	tion for women and men separately.
statistical data on equality of men and women in the NWT.	a general requirement for problem identifi- cation and monitor- ing.	value of specific statistical tabula- tions requested by departments to also include sex as a variable.	(IMMEDIATELY - 1989)	1986 census information relating to Status of Women will be available through the Bureau. The Bureau has agreed to assist and advise the Women's Secretariat and other departments in any attempts to
		Government depart- ments to keep stat-	All departments with Action Plan items.	departments will keep their own
		istics by sex in areas of Action Plan priority.		statistics.
FUTURE CONSIDERATION				
1. Resources of Women's Secretariat	Two staff members are unlikely to be suf-	Develop proposal for any new staff	Women's Secretariat (JULY, 1985)	There are now five staff members, these are Secretary, Executive
To examine resources of Women's Secretariat to meet objectives adequately.	ficient to perform functions of Women's Secretariat.	requirement for Executive review.		Secretary, Administrative Clerk, Research Analyst and Co-ordinator of Community Work.

traditional interest.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		1
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
IMMEDIATE ACTION					
1. Child Care - Tax Deduction Lobby To lobby the federal government to revise tax legislation to enable deduction of full cost of child care as an employment expense, for tax purposes.	The standard deduction of \$2,000 per child is insufficient to cover day care expenses. Actual day care expenses for full-time care are \$4,000 to \$5,500 a year per child in Yellowknife. This is an indication of day care expenses in the NWT.	Standard lobby procedures by Minister Responsible for Status of Women should be undertaken.	Minister Respons Status of Women		The Minister of Social Services has supported this revision; he has spoken to it at Ministerial meeting and included it in the GNWT submission to the Federal Task Force on Child Care.
2. Vocational Training - Equal Opportunity To ensure vocational courses at Thebacha College provide equal training opportunities for women and men by actively recruiting women for training in non-traditional occupations and new technical fields, and by offering courses in which women have a	Thebacha College is the only source of vocational training in the NWT. Women and men should have an effective equal opportunity for training there.	Methods of recruiting people for training in non-traditional occupations should include attention to recruiting women. The balance between men and women at Thebacha College should be monitored.	Department of Ed (1985-1989)	ucation	Arctic College (Thebacha College) has highlighted the participation of women in non-traditional occupations in its public relations material. The course calendar for 1987/88 will also promote this. Enrollment in trades courses was 75 women and 105 men in 1985/86 and 100 women and 123 men in 1986/87.

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Equal Pay for Work of Equal Value - Internal Checks in GNWT	Classification of employees is under-	Increasing the number of cross-checks	Department of Pe consultation wit	h the Equal	Internal pay equity is routinely reviewed during the development of new or revised classifications

Until such time as research on methods of implementing equal pay for work of equal value is sufficient to embark on full implementation of a governmentwide program, to undertake additional internal checks between categories of employees as to skill, effort, responsibility and working conditions required in positions to ensure equal pay for work of equal value. Particular attention to be paid between categories dominated by women and those dominated by men.

that careful attention is paid to the relative complexity of jobs within categories, eg: clerical. Pay levels established are related to market pay levels for that category. Some internal checks between categories are undertaken on the principle of equal pay for work of equal value. Additional checks would enhance comparisons between categories.

employees particularly between those dominated by women and those dominated by men. For example, the Interpreter Corp. should receive early attention in the Action Item.

(1985 - 1989).

standards. Progress in Manitoba and Ontario is monitored.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
CTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
. Personal Harassment Procedure	Victims of personal harassment can be	This procedure should be developed in	Department of (1985)	Personnel	A policy on Sexual Harassment is i
To develop a personal harassment procedure for the GNWT.	both men and women. However, sexual	consultation with the employee unions.			
procedure for the onne.	harassment is most	emproyee unrous?			
	frequently perpetra-				
	ted by males on				
	female subordinates				
	or colleagues. Such				
	behaviour should not be tolerated by an				
	employer as it				
	undermines the work				
	performance and human				
	rights of the victim.				
	An internal procedure				
	is more effective in				
	protecting women than presenting cases to				7
	the Human Rights				
	Commission. This				
	item was requested in				
	a 1979 Action Plan				
	presented to the				
	Executive following a Women's Conference in				
	Yellowknife. Such a				
	procedure would also				
	cover harassment				
	based on other				
	factors such as				
기급한 기급을 못 걸려진다. 나는 어디에는 그	racial bigotry.				

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	(
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
To provide for participation of women on selection boards for all openings in the public service, wherever practical.	The presence of women on selection boards provides a positive image of the career potential of women in the organization and assists in ensuring women are given equal opportunity on competitions.	The GNWT has six women staffing officers at present. Four in regions and two at Headquarters. A women on every selection committee should be a goal of Personnel.	Department of P (1985 - 1989)	ersonnel	No formal process has been estab- lished to ensure that there is a woman on every selection committee, but staff are more aware of the advantages of such a procedure. More women have been hired to participate in recruitment. Five women at Headquarters and eight women in the regions routinely represent the Department in selec- tion interviews. This is 50% of th staff with staffing responsibility.
6. Job Sharing To examine jobs in GNWT for job sharing potential and advertise suitable positions open to job sharing proposals.	Job sharing assists women and men to combine career and family responsibilities in more challenging positions.	Assess new openings for job sharing in consultation with client departments. Advertise positions appropriately.	Department of P (1985 - 1989)	ersonnel	No progress reported.

			METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
AC	TION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987	
7.	Part-Time Work Benefits	Most part-time workers with the	Review existing practices and upgrade	Department of Po	ersonnel	More and more benefits provide full-time indeterminate staff	
	To develop a consistent approach to benefits for part-time employees in GNWT ensuring benefits are equivalent to pro- rated benefits of full-time	government are women. Benefits of part-time workers are less than those of full-time workers.	standards where required through the collective bargaining process.			now available on a pro-rated b to part-time staff. The desir ity and cost of pro-rating all benefits are still under revie present, part-time employees w	eabil- w. At orking
	employees where possible.					more than 30 hours per week re all benefits on a pro-rated ba	
						Those working less than 30 hou	rs per
						week do not receive Superannua or Group Surgical Medical Insu	
-						Plan. They receive all others	on a

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	(TIMINO)	DDOODEGG TO WARE 1	007
ACTION 1125	KALLUNALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1	967
8. Promotion Campaign to Encourage Women to Start Small Businesses	The 1981 Census showed women comprise	The promotional campaign should	Women's Secreta 1986)	riat (1985 -	This is in the dev	elopment stage.
To launch a promotional campaign to improve the representation of	only 22% of the self- employed and own account workers in	encourage women to enter small business by:				
women as owners of private businesses.	the NWT. Women have the potential to	1) Increasing awareness of women of			и х во	
,	create employment for themselves and others	business as an employment option.				
	to the economic benefit of the NWT	Identifying financing programs:				
	and themselves. Awareness of this	EDA, Special ARDA, Small Business Loan				
	option should be increased.	funds, FBDB and chartered banks. 3) Identifying	in the second			
		courses and workshops available to assist				
		small business owners and managers.				
		The Women's Secretar- iat will apply for				
		EDA funding available for human resource				
		development. If approved, the				
		Secretariat will co- ordinate the promo-				
		tional campaign with assistance from the				
•		Department of Economic Development.				

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987	
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		women's groups, and the Department of Information.				
LEGISLATIVE REVIEW						
1. Maternity Leave Guaranteed To revise legislation guarantee- ing women the right to maternity leave.	The NWT is the only jurisdiction in Canada which does not guarantee the right to maternity leave in legislation. Maternity leave has been negotiated by most major employee unions.	Legislation should be prepared in conjunction with rewriting of the Labour Standards Act.	Department of Ju Public Services		Feasibility is being revi	ewed.
2. Parental Leave Examined To study implications of legislating rights regarding parental leave, including practices in other countries and Canadian jurisdictions.	UN documents identify a social responsibility for the care of children, as well as the equal responsibility of parents. The implications to employers, and conditions under which parental leave should be a right, need to be addressed.	Results of this study and recommendations should be reviewed by the public and the Advisory Council and legislation put forth, if appropriate, for changes to the Labour Standards Act in conjunction with the rewriting of this legislation.	Department of Ju Public Services		Is under study.	

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Domestic Labour Protection	The need for protec- tion of domestic	The implications in the NWT of including	Department of J Public Services		Feasibility is being reviewed.
To review labour legislation to consider inclusion of protection	labour in legislation is identified in	domestic labour in the Labour Standards			
of domestic labour in the context of NWT circumstances.	international documents which establish world	Act should be studied and recommendations reviewed in conjunc-			
	standards for women. Most domestic labour	tion with other revisions to the			
	is female. Few people are employed	Labour Standards Act.			
	in this area in the NWT.				

PRIORITY: EMPLOYMENT					ACTION PLAN FOR WOMEN
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
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FUTURE CONSIDERATIONS					
 Child Care Policy and Program To develop a policy and funding proposal on child care in NWT which will address: the need for day care facilities in each community The role of GNWT to effect 	Day care is a pre- requisite for many women with small children to consider employment. Economic necessity has forced some women in NWT to rely on very unsatis- factory solutions to	Through research in NWT and participation in the national working group on child care, proposals will be developed for Executive Council approval.	Department of So Services (1985 f budget allocation	or 1986/87	Legislation has been reviewed by the Executive Council and will be tabled in the May 1987 session of the Legislative Assembly. A Policy and Decision Paper on Financial Assistance is being considered by the Priorities and Planning Committee of the Executive Council.

- The role of GNWT to effectively meet this need through:
 - a. provision of facilities,
 - b. operating subsidies,
 - provision of qualified workers,
 - d. development of standards for day care;
- child care needs of youth as well as pre-schoolers.

factory solutions to meet child care needs which may well produce social problems in a few years. The GNWT role in child care has been limited to a Day Care Subsidy to parents with demonstrated need and some support of facilities. Approximately 40 parents annually receive such subsidies. The program is not given wide publicity.

The lack of facilities further reduces demand for subsidies. A Parliamentary Task Force on Child Care In addition, a campaign was launched to publicize the Day Care Subsidy to ensure more people were aware of it, and the application procedure was simplified to make the subsidy more easily accessible.

ACTION PLAN FOR WOMEN

PRIORITY: EMPLOYMENT

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
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ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987	

has been proposed, because of the immensity of the problem in Canada. It is time the GNWT gave priority to solving this vital social problem in the NWT.

RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
			, n	
Women comprise 46% of GNWT workforce. 68% of all women are in the support staff grouping. Rates of increase in female participation in decision and policy making positions are unacceptably low. Employment statistics for 1983 indicate	Proposal to be developed by Equal Employment Directorate to take advantage of any economies in combining the three disadvantaged groups: natives, women and handicapped.			The final draft of the Equal Employment Policy has been prepared in consultation with the Affirmativ Action Advisory Committee. It includes women as a target group. It is to be approved by the Priorities and Planning Committee of the Executive Council in 1987 and then implemented in the same way as has been done for the native target group.
native women are entering the GNWT in lower paying positions than native men and following the same trends as nonnative men and women. To include women and the handicapped in affirmative action as early priorities will enhance the support				NOTE: The NWT Housing Corporation has developed its own Affirmative Action program which includes women as a target group. Its goals are similar to those of the GNWT program and it will be implemented in 1987. "All female applicants for jobs are considered Affirmative Action candidates."
	Women comprise 46% of GNWT workforce. 68% of all women are in the support staff grouping. Rates of increase in female participation in decision and policy making positions are unacceptably low. Employment statistics for 1983 indicate native women are entering the GNWT in lower paying positions than native men and following the same trends as nonnative men and women. To include women and the handicapped in affirmative action as early priorities will	Women comprise 46% of GNWT workforce. 68% of all women are in the support staff grouping. Rates of increase in female participation in decision and policy making positions are unacceptably low. Employment statistics for 1983 indicate native women are entering the GNWT in lower paying positions than native men and following the same trends as nonnative men and the handicapped in affirmative action as early priorities will	Women comprise 46% of GNWT workforce. 68% developed by Equal ate (April, 1986 of all women are in the support staff grouping. Rates of increase in female participation in decision and policy making positions are unacceptably low. Employment statistics for 1983 indicate native women are entering the GNWT in lower paying positions than native men and following the same trends as nonnative men and the handicapped in affirmative action as early priorities will	Women comprise 46% of GNWT workforce. 68% of all women are in the support staff grouping. Rates of increase in female participation in decision and policy making positions are unacceptably low. Employment statistics for 1983 indicate native women are entering the GNWT in lower paying positions than native men and following the same trends as nonnative men and the handicapped in affirmative action as early priorities will

3. Equal Pay for Work of Equal Value Reclassification To consider undertaking reclassification of GNWT positions based on the principle of equal value, using new classification methods developed. Classification methods developed. Classification should reflect this. RATIONALE Equal pay for work of equal value is guaranteed in statue and human rights codes as well as United Nation Conventions. Conventions. Chettre (TIMING) PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987 Department of Personnel (1988/89) Internal pay equity is routinely reviewed during the development of new or revised classification using methods developed elsewhere (ie: Ontario and Manitoba) is not being considered for implementation for the GNWT. Classification of its establishment using these new			METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	Z -	
- Reclassification equal value is guaranteed in statutes and human rights codes as well on the principle of equal pay for classification methods developed. Classification methods developed. Classifications of positions should reflect this. Equal value is guaranteed in state of the art of (1988/89) reviewed during the development of new or revised classification using methods developed elsewhere (ie: ontario and Manitoba) is not being considered for implementation for developed by other organizations GRWT should consider undertaking a major reclassification of its establishment	ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
methods.	- Reclassification To consider undertaking reclass- ification of GNWT positions based on the principle of equal pay for work of equal value, using new	equal value is guaranteed in statutes and human rights codes as well as United Nation Conventions. Classifications of positions should	state of the art of implementing this principle should be undertaken by Department of Personnel. When workable methodologies have been developed by other organizations GNWT should consider undertaking a major reclassification of its establishment using these new		Personnel	reviewed during the development of new or revised classification standards. Reclassification using methods developed elsewhere (ie: Ontario and Manitoba) is not being considered for implementation for

these programs are designed to train child care workers in child welfare treatment and care facilities. It is not the same as the Early Childhood Education Program designed to train workers in Child Day Care

programs.

PRIORITY: EMPLOYMENT

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
4. Child Care Training Program To develop a child care workers program through Thebacha College for field delivery.	Qualified workers in child care are currently required in existing facilities. To implement a policy which will increase child care facilities, qualified workers will need to be found. Field delivery may be most suitable to ensure more communities have an opportunity to train local residents.	Program content and delivery method to be developed. If additional resources are required Financial Management Board approval will be required.	Department of E consultation wi ment of Social CEIC, and Women iat (1985)	th Depart- Services,	Due to the common elements in the training needs of Child Care Workers and those generated by the Young Offenders Act, the Departments of Education and Social Services have agreed to incorporate a Child Care component into the existing Social Service Worker Program delivered by the Thebacha Campus of Arctic College. This course is being developed during 1987 and is expected to be delivered starting in September 1987. It is being developed jointly by the two departments with advice from the Social Service Worker Advisory Committee.
		The second secon			There is also a child care stream being offered at the Iqaluit campus, scheduled to commence September 1987.
					COMMENT: It should be noted that

METHOD OF

RESPONSIBILITY

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
		•			
5. Secretarial Arts as a Trade To consider the designation of	The apprenticeship approach to secretar-ial arts would pro-	The implications, program and finan-cial, should be	Trades Qualific (1985)	ation Board	The Apprenticeship and Tradesmen's Qualifications Board has agreed to the concept of having Secretarial
secretarial arts as a trade.	vide on-the-job training, longer	identified and appropriate reviews	Minister of Edu	cation	Arts designated as a trade suitable for training and certification in the NWT, in a similar way as it has
	training, and financial assistance from CEIC. A three- year course would produce a certified	undertaken.			been in PEI. Negotiations are to start with CEIC regarding funding support and the PEI Program is to b obtained in 1987. Developmental
	secretary. Prince Edward Island has developed such a			* 8	work is underway and the trade will eventually be designated and the Advisory Committee established.
	course.				This may be delayed as a Federal/ Provincial/Territorial review of
	This will open up apprenticeship opportunities in a				apprenticeship programs is underway and no new trades will be designate until it is complete.
A	traditional female occupation.				

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MA	ARCH 1987
7. Native Language Bonuses	Persons with fluency	The financial and policy implications	New Language Bu		•	nt of Personnel condu yee survey in 1986 to
To examine providing a special language bonus to employees with fluency in a native language.	in native languages are frequently called upon to provide com- munication services regardless of their regular duties. The	of this item should be studied in connection with the native language policy and programs	Department of Po	er sonner	gather inform Native langua Results are b	mation about the use ages in the workplace being evaluated to a most efficient and
	service is not com- pensated for in regu- lar salary scales.	under development and presented for Executive Council				
	The positions in which women tradi- tionally work and the	review.				
	generally lower wage scale assigned to those positions make					
	recognition of this contribution an equality issue and an					
	appropriate interim step in implementing					
	equal pay for work of					

equal value in the NWT. This is consistent with priorities in the GNWT proposal to the Federal Government Enhancement of GNWT Native Language Services May, 1984.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987	
		w 4				
8. Encouraging Union Participation	ties discourage	Commissioner, as Executive Member	Commissioner (1	985 - 1987)	No progress reported.	
To encourage women to influence working conditions in GNWT through active participation in	attending meetings in	Responsible for Personnel, to include this item in the				
their union by considering extended lunch hours four times	women are unaware of	NWTPSA-GNWT collec- tive bargaining			*	
annually for union meetings to NWTPSA employees.	bargaining influences the kinds of benefits	process. Attendance by sex would be monitored for two				
	they receive. Many women would attend meetings if they	years and effective- ness of this measure				
	occurred during office hours.	evaluated. Extension of lunch hours not to				
		exceed one hour per meeting.				

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
9. Improved Facilities for Craft and	The lack of facili-	The Department of	Department of	Faanomia	No progress reported.
Cottage Industries (including	ties in some communi-	Economic Development	Development & 2		no progress reported.
Sewing Centres)	ties and the poor	& Tourism will	(1985)		
m	condition of facili-	examine alternative			
To consider alternative ways of addressing the need for addi-	ties in others is a major problem affect-	ways of addressing this problem includ-			
tional and improved facilities	ing the productivity	ing the use of			
for the craft and cottage	of the craft and	special programs such as the Economic			
industries (including sewing centres) in the communities in	cottage industry in the NWT. In addition	Development Agreement			
the NWT.	to the economic	(EDA) and Special			
	affects, poor facil- ities affect the	ARDA and existing Economic Development			
	working conditions of	programs. If			
	the workers. Large	required, a program			
	numbers of these workers are women.	and funding proposal will be developed for		To appear to the total to the total to the total total to the total tota	
	workers are women.	Executive Council and			
		Financial Management			
		Board (FMB) review.			

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
IMMEDIATE ACTION					
1. Sex Stereotyping in Curriculum To review textbooks for sex stereotyping when books are being revised or reviewed for curriculum purposes. Any new curriculum should be free of sex stereotyping before it is approved.	Curriculum materials have an impact on socializing boys and girls and developing their self-images. Sex stereotyping limits both boys and girls by associating their sexual identity with passive (girl) or active (boy) activities.	Sex stereotyping review should be one more criteria for approval of curriculum material. This will be implemented in a manner sensitive to traditional cultural values.	Department of E (1985 - 1989)	Education	Alberta's document on "Tolerance, Understanding and Respect for Diversity" was reviewed and similar guidelines developed for the NWT. An evaluation of curriculum and program materials developed in the NWT was funded by the Woman's Secretariat and completed in March 1987. It includes recommendations for specific changes where needed.
2. Math & Science Emphasis To direct the Department of Education to promote teaching methods and expectations which encourage girls to obtain the necessary pre-requisites in math and science for careers in technological and non-traditional occupations.	Most non-traditional occupations have emphasis on math or science skills particularly in new technological fields. Girls are frequently not encouraged in these areas and find themselves without the pre-requisites for further training.	The Math and Science Specialist should make a special effort to provide materials to math and science teachers on methods of encouraging girls to take an interest in these subjects.	Department of E (1985 - 1989)	Education	The newly revised Science Program is based largely on the Science Council of Canada's recommendations to promote "Science for every student". The program content and supporting texts have been carefully selected. Information addressing the issue of fair representation of women in these fields, including "Checklist for Teaching Strategies for Encouraging Females in Math and Science Classes" has been distributed to the schools.

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Women's Resource Materials in High School Libraries To ensure that in libraries in NWT high school literature is available particularly relevant to special development needs of young women.	The curriculum in NWT high schools is the Alberta curriculum. There are few opportunities for addressing women's equality issues within the curriculum. Brochures on aspects of women in employment,	A small section of the library would be devoted to such literature. The Women's Secretariat could act as a resource centre for names and addresses for particular materials, and copies	Department of E (1985 - 1989)	ducation	All resources for high school libraries have been reviewed according to Alberta's guidelines of "Tolerance, Understanding and Respect for Diversity". Other resource material available through the schools is being reviewed and i will be ensured that resources on women's literature are available.
	health concerns, and other issues particu-	of some materials.			
	larly relevant to				
	adolescent girls,				
	their sexuality, their aspirations and				
	the importance of				
	staying in school				

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	12	
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
4. Higher Education Courses	Statistics indicate	Higher education	Department of H	Education	In recognition that women may not be
	that three times as	courses do not need	(1985 - 1989)		as able to travel to institutions o
Increased availability of	many men as women	to be subsidized for			higher learning, a program of
government co-ordinated higher	apply for education	direct costs, but			student financial assistance for
education courses in communities.	leave and only half	fees based on a user			completion of correspondence course
	of the applications	pay principle. The			from recognized institutions has
	are accepted. This	number of courses			been introduced.
	indicates:	offered is very			
		limited due to the			Teleconferencing options using
	 As a retraining 	unavailability of			distance education techniques are
	and upgrading option,	facilities appro-			being considered for delivery of
	education leave is	priate for class			courses in communities.
	not as practical for	teleconferencing.			
	women as men.	Future priority			
	2) All needs in this	should be given to			
	area are not met.	development of Adult			
		Education Centres in			
	A few courses are	major communities,			
	offered each year in	including Yellowknife			
	Yellowknife, using a	which would provide a			
	teleconferencing	full range of adult			
	seminar format. Women	education programs.			
	and men are enrolled	However, interim			
	in equal numbers this	measures should			그렇도 그는 모양이 하나 없는 뭐라면 그렇게 하는 것이다.
	year. The number and	include making			
	variety of courses	government boardrooms			그리는 하는 그리는 그를 보지 않는 수 있는 것 같아. 그렇게 그렇다
	offered should be	available for such			그림아 얼마를 하는 맛있다면 하다는 그렇게 보다 하다면 되었다.
그는 뭐 해가 있다면 얼굴하는 것이라는 편안	increased and tele-	classes.			
	conferencing extended				이 사고, 맛있는 사람들이 사람들은 모든 이 보다.
요네. 시간 시간 원이 취유하게 하게 되었다.	to other communities.				Trans. Not 1888. A. S.

METHOD OF RESPONSIBILITY (TIMING) ACTION ITEM RATIONALE IMPLEMENTATION CENTRE PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987 FUTURE CONSIDERATION

1. Non-Sexist Guidance Counselling

To upgrade guidance counselling in high schools from the following perspectives:

- 1) All high schools in the NWT have an adequate program of guidance and career counselling.
- 2) Measures be taken to ensure non-sexist career guidance counselling for female students.

Appropriate career guidance to female students regarding the realities of the changing work world for women and their likely participation and prospects in the workforce is essential if women are going to make informed choices about careers. The need for economic independence and career planning with or with out marriage should be emphasized if women are going to avoid the poverty and dead-end jobs currently experienced by many single parents and divorced and widowed women. Such counselling also benefits society through the development of the potential

1. Adequate provision for guidance and career counselling staff should be made. 2. Non-sexist guidance counselling of young women should be enhanced by: a) Guidance counsellors be advised of the importance of non-sexist career counselling for female students in improving the status of women. b) Material on career counselling of young women be made available to guidance counsellors. c) The appropriateness of career guidance computer software such as "Choices" be assessed for each high school and employed where appropriate.

Department of Education (1985 - 1989)

Guidance Counsellors have been made aware of the importance of nonsexist career counselling. They use a number of guides on careers, job search and counselling, all of which are the most recent Alberta editions and have been reviewed according to that province's guidelines for "Tolerance, Understanding and Respect for Diversity.

	METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
ACTION ITEM RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987	
of all it resources for bette counselli	. Demands shop for guidance/ r career career counsellors be				
schools h	ave been the next five years				
made in t					
	special counselling needs of young women.				
	If additional				
	resources are				
	required submissions				
	should be made in the				
	normal manner.				

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
CTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
	et.				
Literacy Promotion & Upgrading	The 1981 Census	These programs should	Department of E	ducation	Adult Basic Education Programs from
	showed 37.4% of the	address literacy of	(1985)		Grades $7 - 10$ (43 communities) and
To develop methods and implement	female population	both men and women.			upgrading to Grade 7 (24 communi-
programs of promoting basic	over 15 has less than	Literacy needs			ties).
literacy through special commun-	Grade 9, compared to	assessment should be			*
ity based programs which systema-	34.4% of the male	undertaken and			The funding for adult basic educa-
tically upgrade students to	population. Although	appropriate methods			tion was no longer going to be
qualify for Basic Upgrading	figures for less than	of providing oppor-			provided through CEIC, however, with
sponsored by CEIC.	Grade 7 are not	tunities for people			the Employment Enhancement Agree-
	available, many women	to become literate			ment, and an agreement with CEIC to
	and men are below	and qualified for			reprofile some funding through the
	this minimum level to	CEIC sponsored			Canadian Jobs Strategy there will be
	qualify for basic	upgrading recommended			funding available for adult basic
	upgrading for employ- ment sponsored by	for each community. Non-governmental			upgrading next year.
	CEIC.	organizations, such			
	obio.	as the Native Women's			
		Association, may be			
		consulted in this			
		area. Allowances for			
		students should be			
		considered to			
		encourage students			
		and underline value			
		of the program.		147	

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Women's Resource Sections in	Well profiled and	A small well-marked	Department of		No progress reported.
Public Libraries	selected materials	section of libraries	Public Service	s (1985)	
The state of the s	for independent study	would be stocked with			
To develop Women's Resource	in libraries would be	a variety of litera-			
Sections in public libraries in	a realistic method of	ture on women's			
NWT.	providing women with	issues from pamphlets			
	the information	to books and other			
	needed to cope with	items of special			
	changing roles and	interest to women.			
	attitudes and special	Outreach programs			
	needs of women. An	could be undertaken.			
	outreach program of	The program should be			
	speaker support, work	piloted in one or two			
	shops, film program-	regions. Additional			
	ming and bibliography	staff may be required			
	production would	for active program			
	further enhance this	component.			
	alternative education				
	function of the	Funding for this			
	library.	project may be avail-			
		able from the Secre-			
		tary of State to			
		local library socie-			
		ties. Re-adjustment			
	그는데 그리가는 뭐 하나요	in library priorities			그 하는 다른 아이를 살아보다 그 나는 나를 살았다.
		may also enable this			사람들은 이번 시간에 걸려가 살아갔다.
		to be undertaken. If			
		additional funding is			
그 그렇게 이렇게 밝혀지다니다니다. 나라		required, a request			
이 그리 "시작하다 하다 사 취리 하지 않아 있어요" (~		would be made to the			
그는 이 이 이 바꾸게 되었는데 얼마나를 다녔다.		FMB in the normal			
요소이 이 그 선생님 생활들이 어른 동의이다.		manner.			

		METHOD OF	RES	PONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION		CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
IMMEDIATE ACTION						
1. Health Self-Help Groups Promoted	Community self-help	The Department of	1)	Department	of Health	Department of Health staff work with
To assist groups working to establish self-help groups on	groups are an essen- tial component of mental health pro-	Health is already assuming a limited role. Initiatives in	2)	GNWT office		the community health committees using the Self-Help Model.
health related issues by:	grams in the NWT because of the	this area should be encouraged as a		(1985 - 198		In conjunction with the Women's Secretariat and Secretary of State,
 Identifying funding sources from government and chari- table foundations. 	remoteness of communities and cultural uniqueness. Self-help groups are	priority through the Health Resource Centre. GNWT Offices in communities should			-	the Department of Health held two Popular Education Facilitator Train- ing Workshops in 1986. Thirty people, both GNWT staff and commun-
 Assisting groups to identify community resource people who can assist in completing 	appropriate to addressing many mental health prob-	assist in identifying community resource people to help with				ity volunteers, participated. Follow-up liaison between profes- sional and community workers has
requirements for incorpora- ting as a society to receive	lems affecting the status of women,	incorporation papers or refer them to the				begun.
funding.	<pre>including alcohol and drug abuse, teen suicide, family vio-</pre>	Registrar of Socie- ties in Yellowknife.				The Family Life Education Program places high priority on the use of Popular Education Model especially
	lence, parenting, day care.					as a basis for community meetings. It is seen as useful in the estab-
						lishment of Self-Help Groups for spousal assault victims and others.
						The Dr. Otto Schaefer Health

Local Government administrators,

Resource Centre is now a distribution centre for health and social services related material. Additional copies of Self-Help resource materials have been ordered.

METHOD OF RESPONSIBILITY
ACTION ITEM RATIONALE IMPLEMENTATION CENTRE (TIMING) PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987

2. Encourage Communities to Regulate Pornography

To encourage communities and residents to use moral suasion in requesting retailers of pornographic materials which violate community standards to cease. Where moral suasion fails, municipalities should be encouraged to establish by-laws under the appropriate section of the Municipal Act to regulate display of materials. Criminal charges should be encouraged where sales violate the Criminal Code of Canada obscenity laws.

In many communities in NWT, sale of pornographic literature is a very small part of retailer's business. Ceasing to sell such material should be no hardship. Identification that these materials violate community standards, in many instances, will be sufficient. Municipalities appear to have more power to legislate in matters of display of pornographic literature than provinces or territories.

A letter should be forwarded to all communities and women's organizations in NWT informing them of their powers in this area and the encouragement of GNWT to act.

Minister Responsible for Status of Women (June, 1985) under the Department of Municipal and Community Affairs, are now trained to assist groups with completing the requirements for incorporation as a society. The Department reports that there is not much demand for this service.

A Discussion Paper on Pornography was produced and distributed by the Advisory Council on the Status of Women in 1986. It includes information and options regarding community regulation.

Amendments to municipal government legislation which would allow for some community regulation through by-laws regarding display and control will be introduced in 1987.

3. Lobby Against Pornography in Media To lobby the federal government to establish stricter regulations regarding the media regulated by CRTC. These regulations should include censorship of materials depicting degradation and violence against women with special attention to sex and violence in combination. RATIONALE Portrayal of women as sex objects, particularly in degrading and violent circum— sobjects, particularly in degrading and violent circum— social attitudes towards women which sex and violence in combination. Portrayal of women as sex objects, particularly in degrading and violent circum— sible for Status of Women (1985 — Status of Women (1985 — Could result from the legislative changes mentioned in #2 above. resolved) Federal legislation was introduced in in 1987. 1) letters to federal ministers respon— sible. 2) letters to Members of Parliament. 3) support of the Executive Council in this area should be identi— Executive Council in this area should be identi—
Media sex objects, particu- larly in degrading To lobby the federal government to establish stricter regulations regarding the distribution of pornographic materials including the media regulated by CRTC. These regulations should include censorship of materials depicting degradation and violence against women with special attention to sex and violence in combination. sex objects, particu- larly in degrading Women should take appropriate lobby resolved) sible for Status of Women (1985 - 1989 until issue is resolved) Federal legislation was introduced in #2 above. Federal legislation was introduced in in 1987. The sex objects, particu- larly in degrading women should take appropriate lobby initiatives: 1) letters to federal ministers responsible. 2) letters to Members of Parliament. 3) support of the Executive Council in this area
evidence to indicate fied. that proliferation of this material in- creases the incidence of violence against women.

such funding.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE (TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
4. Nutrition and Pregnant Women To request Medical Services Branch to place high priority for research on the state of nutrition of pregnant women in the NWT with a view to making recommendations and implementing ways and means of improving the nutritional status of pregnant women.	The affordability of store bought nutritious food in NWT is an on-going issue, especially for remote communities. Many traditional food practices have been disbanded. Nutritional information may not be an adequate solution to improving the nutritional status to	A letter to be forwarded to Medical Services Branch from the Minister Responsible for Health advising of GNWT concern in this area.	Minister Responsible for Health (June, 1985)	In conjunction with National Health and Welfare, the Department of Health funded the NWT Native Women' Association for the production of videos on nutrition. One of these dealt with nutrition and pregnant women. In addition, National Health and Welfare does some public information work on nutrition and pregnancy.
	ensure the optimal health of mother and child.			
5. Health Promotion Studies - Monitoring Funding The adequacy of health promotion studies funding should be monitored to meet demands for	Funding in the order of \$90,000 is currently available. This may not meet demand for funding.	Review by Department of Health for funding requirements.	Minister and Deputy Minister of Department of Health (Annual 1985 to 1989)	No progress has been reported.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
6. New School Health Curriculum Introduced To introduce the health curriculum currently under development into NWT schools. The curriculum covers all areas of health education including mental and emotional well-being, alcohol and drug abuse, family life education and family planning.	Education in schools for prevention of health problems is critical in avoiding both personal suffering and public expense. Many of the areas are particularly important for young women, and are identified in the UN documents as educa-	Introduction into the NWT school system in a manner deemed appropriate by the Departments of Education and Health.	Department of E with support of Department of E - 1986)	the	This is being done jointly by the Departments of Health and Education, and elements of it were introduced to the schools in 1986/87. The Grade Six and Junior High programs on Alcohol and Other Drugs were initiated, and the Family Life Unit was pilot tested in selected schools. It will be revised and based on this piloting, introduced into all schools.
	tional needs.				The health program will be mandatory and introduced in Grades K-9 in September, 1987. The Family Life Unit will be part of the Health Program and parents will have the option of requesting that their children be excused from this unit. The majority of the units will be ready by September and the remaining units will be added in September, 1988, to complete the program.

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
LEGISLATIVE REVIEW					
1. Regulation of Videos To consider legislation to regulate the sale and rental of videos, and their content and classification in a manner similar to that of motion pictures.	Technology has made home videos a new and unregulated media. This media has become a prime concern because of the explicit sex and violence of the	Legislation should be developed using Ontario laws as a model and reviewed in the normal manner in conjunction with the review of the Motion Pictures Act. Regu-	Department of Public Services		No specific progress reported. See #2 and #3 under "Immediate Action" above.
	content of many videos and the depiction of women in an exploited and degraded manner. Ontario was recently the first jurisdiction in Canada to develop this kind of legislation.	lations should ref- lect NWT community standards.			

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY			
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCE	1987
2. Industrial Health and Safety	Standards in the	Revisions should be	Department of J	Justice and	No progress repo	orted.
Regulations	workplace for toxic	drafted and public	Public Services	(1985)		. 4
	substances are	input sought prior to				
To revise Industrial Health and	established at levels	approval by the				
Safety Regulations in order to	considered adequate	Commissioner. If				
improve workers effective right	to protect a healthy	changes to the Act				
to know what substances they are	male working eight	are required normal				
being exposed to and how to protect themselves by:	hours per day. These levels are frequently	review processes would be followed.				
protect themserves by:	high enough to be in-	would be followed.				
1) Requiring employers to have	jurious to reproduc-	*				
information at work sites on	tive health of both					
hazards in the workplace.	men and women. Women				e I	
•	during pregnancy are					
Improved labelling of	at particular risk		•			
potentially toxic substances.	because of the ef-	m r _ Bed,				
A) **	fects of exposure of				199	
3) Education on rights of	some substances on					
workers to refuse to do dangerous work and protective	the fetus. Informa- tion should be avail-					
measures to reduce levels of	able for women to					
exposure.	protect themselves					
	and their unborn					
	children and make					
	educated decisions					
	about continuing					
	employment while					
	pregnant. When					
	scientific data can					
	support such mea-					
	sures, standards in					
	the workplace should be at a level					
	De at a level					

PRIORITY: HEALTH

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS	TO MARCH	1987	, a .
	sufficient to protect the fetus.							
								3
FUTURE CONSIDERATION								
1. Spousal Assault Task Force Recommendations - 3 Year Action Plan	This is an important territorial and national problem,	Designated departmen- tal officials and committees will	Ministerial Commit Minister Responsib the Status of Wome	le for	has been	artment of n assigned for impleme	the lead	responsi- ne Action

To review proposals and recommendations for implementation of programs to deal with spousal assault in a three year action plan. This is an important territorial and national problem, affecting the physical and mental health of women, children and men. Designated departmental officials and committees will develop a 3 year Action Plan. Review of recommendations and funding allocations through normal decision-making processes.

The Department of Social Services has been assigned the lead responsibility for implementing the Action Plan developed by the Task Force on Spousal Assault. A co-ordinator is on staff and several community initiatives are underway. An annual report will be tabled in the Legislative Assembly in 1987.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
2. Mental Health Program Evaluation	Although mental	Evaluation should be	Department of	Health (1985	The mandate for mental health
	health services	undertaken and recom-	- 1986)		services, except for the Baffin
To conduct an evaluation of the	affect both men and	mendations forwarded			Region, is a Federal one. The GNWT
adequacy of the mental health	women, in addition to	to Executive Council			Departments of Health and Social
delivery services in the NWT and	personal needs for	for approval and			Services are aware of the lack of
make recommendations on:	services, women are	funding allocation.			services and have developed an
	frequently the vic-				approach for delivering mental
 Appropriate roles of profes- 	tims of inadequate				health services following the
sional, para-professional and	services in the form				transfer of responsibility for
other community resources	of family violence,				Health to GNWT.
including self-help groups.	sexual abuse, alcohol				
2) Procedure for providing	and drug abuse, teen				The Department of Health, at times
service delivery.	suicide. Changing				jointly with the Department of
Training requirements.	roles of women, par-				Social Services, deals with some
4) Funding reguirements for	ticularly in light of				aspects of mental health in its
alternative methods of	the impact of		5 .		Family Life Education and Health
delivery.	resource development				Promotion Programs. It funded a
5) Transfer of all responsibil-	and general moderni-				number of community workshops and
ity in this area from Health	zation, have in-				initiatives, especially regarding
and Welfare Canada.	creased stress.				suicide, in 1986.
	There are many				
	indications that				
•	current services are				
	inadequate: rate of				
	teen suicide, alcohol				
	and drug abuse,				
	spousal assault,				
	child abuse, back log				
	of cases of mental				
	health team in				

Yellowknife.

PRIORITY: HEALTH

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE (TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment	Alcohol and drug	The Department of	Department of Social	This issue has been identified to
and Prevention	abuse problems in the	Social Services would	Services (1985)	the Alcohol and Drug Co-ordinating
	North are in epidemic	identify this need to		Council. In conjunction with the
To undertake research into the	proportions. Although	the Alcohol and Drug		NWT Native Women's Association, a
special needs of women in alcohol	treatment facilities	Co-ordinating		kit entitled "It's Just Your Nerves"
and drug abuse and develop aware-	are open on an equal	Council. The Council		has been developed. It is being
ness and rehabilitation programs	basis, the problems	should decide how		used as a basis for training and
to meet these needs.	for women are differ-	these programs will		awareness sessions throughout the
	ent. One apparent	be undertaken. If		NWT.
	difference is that	additional resources		
	women generally seek	are required and		

The difference has at least two program implications: 1) Women have special counselling needs. 2) More awareness programs need to be directed at the woman who abuse alcohol or drugs, encouraging her to seek help earlier. Limited resources are

help in a more deter-

iorated physical and

Social pressure and

homemaker contribute

the opportunity to hide the problem as a

emotional state.

to this.

are required and funding is not available within the Department of Social Services, a proposal should be developed for Executive Council and FMB review.

PRIORITY: HEALTH

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
	currently directed at these problems.				
4. Research on Women's Issues A proposal for increasing the research capacity of the Women's Secretariat should be presented for Executive approval.	The UN documents identify research into the status of women as a mental health issue for women. The capacity of the Women's Secretariat for research is limited. Because of the unique condi-	Submission of proposal through normal channels for Executive Council review at the same time as general staffing requirements in the Women's Secretariat are reviewed.	Women's Secreta Minister Respon Status of Women	sible for	An indeterminate position for a Research Analyst has been established and staffed in the Women's Secretariat.
	tions in the North, research done in Southern Canada and US is frequently not applicable.				

positions.

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY	(
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
IMMEDIATE ACTION					
9					
1. Appointment of Women to Boards	Women are currently	Ministers making	All Ministers of	Executive	A Talent Bank has been set up and is
	under represented,	appointment to Boards	Council (1985 -	1989)	regularly updated by the Women's
Appoint women to public boards	comprising 29% of	will find interested			Secretariat. Departments have been
when vacancies occur to ensure	Board members.	and qualified women			given names of women from the Bank
women are more equitably repre-	Currently there is	for these positions			for Boards or Councils within their
sented. Reasonable balance of	only one female	with assistance of			area of responsibility.
men and women on each board	chairperson out of 28	Talent Bank recom-			
should be considered as well as	Boards.	mended in this Plan			
considering women for chairperson		of Action.			

PRIORITY: WOMEN IN PUBLIC LIFE

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE (T	IMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
2. Talent Bank of NWT Women Establish a Talent Bank of NWT women and their skills and experience to identify qualified women for appointments to Boards.	This may be required to meet targets for appointments to Boards. Ministers should not be restricted by names	Talent Bank should be maintained by Women's Secretariat by: 1) Advertising estab- lishment of Bank	Women's Secretariat 1989)	(1985 -	This has been set up and has over 100 names, including resumes. Advertisements are placed in newspapers on a yearly basis encouraging women to submit their names. Articles are also run in the
	in the Bank.	and requesting women to forward names and brief resumes.			Advisory Council's newsletter.
		 Women's organiza- tions should be contacted by letter to nominate 			
		individuals, providing brief resumes.			
		 Insert resume form in pay cheques for identifying employee interest 			
		in Boards.4) Contact major employers and employee unions.			

PRIORITY:	WOMEN	IN	PUBLIC	LIFE

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. LHA Appointments of Women To advertise Local Housing	Local Housing Author- ities and Associa- tions have power to	Letters should be sent to all Local Housing Authorities	Minister Respond Housing (IMMEDIA		The breakdown within the forty-five Housing Associations is as follows:
Authorities and Associations (LHA) to consider male/female balance on the board when making recommendations for appointments to their Local Housing Authorities and Associations.	recommend appointment of new members from the community without election. Women should have an equal opportunity to participate in this area.	and Associations from the Minister Respon- sible asking them to consider this crit- eria while making recommendations for appointments. Results should be monitored.			Male Female Chairpersons 35 10 Board Members 92 101 Secretary/Managers 21 24
4. Women on DIZ Groups Encourage Development Impact Zone	Resource development has important impacts on employment oppor-	DIZ Groups should be encouraged to include at least two women in	Minister Respon Energy, Mines & and Energy Mines	Resources s & Resour-	No progress; the DIZ program is under review. If it is re- confirmed, appropriate action will
(DIZ) Groups to include women.	tunities and quality of life for women. Their interests should be considered in advice to government on these issues.	each group by the Minister writing to the Chairpersons of existing DIZ Groups informing them of the importance of this representation and	ces Secretariat IATELY)	(IMMED-	be taken.
		his expectations that such representation be included.			

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
TON TIEM	AAIIOMALB	III IMPENIATION	OBNIKE	(IIIIIII)	TRUGRESS TO HARCH 1707
UDE CONCIDEDATION					
URE CONSIDERATION					
		m			m
Women in Policy and Decision-	Participation of	The essence of this	Equal Employmen		The targetting of key policy and
Making in the Public Service	women in policy and	program is identifi-	ate (April 1, 1	986 - 1989)	decision-making positions is to be
	decision-making is	cation of qualified			included in the implementation of
Include an affirmative action	unlikely to increase	women vs. men in			the Affirmative Action Program.
program for women at all policy	to satisfactory	general population			
and decision-making levels,	levels without	and establishing			NOTE: In the Housing Corporation,
particularly in priority areas of	special measures.	targets for their			this targetting has not been done.
education, health, and employ-	Increase in past ten	entry into decision-			All positions are targetted as
ment.	years was less than	making positions over			Affirmative Action positions and
	5% of senior mana-	a five/ten year			priority status is given to all
	gers.	period. Program to			applicants who fall within that
		be undertaken in			group.
		conjunction with			B
		other aspects of			
		Affirmative Action			
		for Women.			
		TOT WOMER'S			

PRIORITY: WOMEN IN PUBLIC LIFE

,		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
2. Day Care Expenses for Board Members To amend the Financial Adminis-	Child care costs should not prevent women or men from participating on	The Directive should be revised by the Department of Finance and presented to the	Department of F (1985)	inance	A revised Honoraria Directive was developed by the Department of Finance and the Priorities and Planning Secretariat and implemented
tration Directive on Honoraria for members of public boards to	public boards. The per diem honoraria	Financial Management Board for approval.			in 1985. The revision included significant increases in per diem
include reimbursement of women and men qualifying for honoraria	does not always com- pensate the member				payments to compensate for lost wages and now provides one of the
for extraordinary child care expenses incurred in order to	for loss of wages. The additional burden				highest honoraria rates in Canada. This change was not specifically
attend board meetings.	of child care expen- ses, especially when extensive travel is				aimed at compensating for child care expenses.
	required to attend meetings, may dis-				
	courage or prevent				

some women from serving on boards.

PRIORITY: <u>LEGISLATION</u>

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
IMMEDIATE ACTION					
1. Sexist Language in Legislation To amend Acts and Regulations to remove any sexist language at the time these documents are amended for content. New Acts and legislation should not include such usage.	Sexist words connotating men rather than persons indirectly indicates that men are superior to women even though separate articles state that the masculine term applies equally to both sexes.	Lawyers drafting legislative changes will make the required changes as a matter of policy for Legislative Assembly or Commissioner's approval.	Department of Ju Public Service (1989)		Immediate concerns arising from the Charter of Rights and Freedoms were addressed by legislative amendments to a series of Acts in 1986. The impact of the Charter will be considered in the drafting of new legislation. A two year review of all NWT statutes begins in 1987 and the Charter will be one consideration. The removal of sexist language will also be done as part of this review.
LEGISLATIVE REVIEW					
1. Equality Audit Amendments to Legislation	Women should have their rights reflec- ted in legislation at	Preparation of legislative changes for Executive Council	Department of Ju Public Services	stice and	See #1 under "Immediate Action" above.
To introduce legislation to comply with equality provisions	the earliest oppor- tunity.	and Legislative Assembly review.	Designated depar	tments	
of the <u>Charter of Rights and</u> <u>Freedoms</u> as soon as possible.			(1985 as schedul	ed)	

PRIORITY: LEGISLATION

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
2. Family Law Revisions	In 1970 the Royal Commission on the	This study should be undertaken by Justice	Department of . Public Services		This has been broached with the Department of Justice and Public
To make recommendations for changes in legislation to simplify family law and to reflect marriage as an equal	Status of Women called on provincial governments to revise their laws to recog-	and Public Services. Input from the public and the Advisory Council on Status of	1987)		Services by the Women's Secretariat and a joint review will be proposed in 1987.
partnership, both social and economic.	nize the concept of equal partnership in marriage and equal	Women should be sought. Legislation should be proposed to			Family law revision would be a major undertaking by the Department of Justice and Public Services. It
	distribution of assets that both worked and saved to	the Legislative Assembly following Executive Council			would involve a commitment of at least one legislative counsel to the project for approximately two years.
	acquire during mar- riage upon divorce. Matrimonial Property	review.			The Department of Justice and Public Services cannot make such a commit-
	laws in NWT have not been revised since 1974 and reflect this				ment for legislative counsel at this time to this project. There will be a meeting between legal counsel and
	principle less than those of most pro- vincial jurisdic-				legislative counsel from the Department of Justice and Public Services and Ms. Toni Graeme from
	tions. Several sections of the Mat- rimonial Property Act				the Women's Secretariat to look at the best way to proceed in making changes to the family law in the
	have yet to be proclaimed. Family and marriage law in				NWT. Drafting of the legislation will have to be done by legislative counsel, therefore the Executive
	respect to family name, guardianship rights in common law		and the second state of the second se		Council will have to be prepared to make a commitment to devote legisla- tive counsel staff to this long term
	relationships, domicile, adoption rights, and mainten-				project. In any event, Action Items #2 and #3 under "Legislative Review" in the Five Year Plan will not be

PRIORITY: LEGISLATION

ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION	RESPONSIBILITY CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
	ance of spouse upon separation are some other areas where NWT legislation does not reflect marriage relationships as an equal partnership.				completed by 1987, however the procedure for such a major revision to our family law is being investigated by the Department of Justice and Public Services.

PRIORITY: LEGISLATION

		METHOD OF	RESPONSIBILITY		
ACTION ITEM	RATIONALE	IMPLEMENTATION	CENTRE	(TIMING)	PROGRESS TO MARCH 1987
3. Legal Recognition of Common Law Partnerships Studied	With an increase in marriage breakdown,	This matter should be studied in conjunc-	Department of Justice and Public Services (1985 -		No progress reported.
To study the legal practice in Canada and other countries related to the recognition of common law relationships and	increasing numbers of men and women are in- volved in common law relationships. A pamphlet is currently	tion with other aspects of family law. Legislation should be drafted and presented to the	1987)		COMMENT: Legal recognition of common law partnerships would most likely be included in the proposed family law revision.
recommend changes to laws or practices to eliminate any	under development which will outline	Legislative Assembly through normal review			
discrimination against women and children in this area.	for women their rights in these rela-	procedures.			
	tionships. In recent years other jurisdic- tions in Canada and				
	the US have revised				

legislation and interpretation of legislation to increase the rights of common law partners during and upon death or termination of the relationship. GNWT should update its legislation in this

regard.