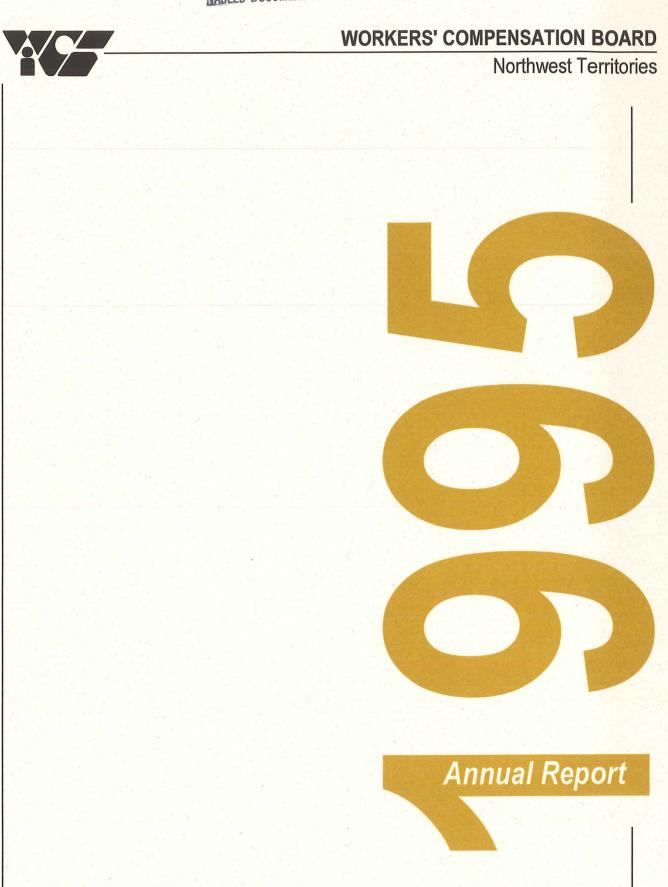
MABLED DOCUMENT NO. 84 - 1 3 (3) TABLED ON OCT 0 8 1996.



Board Members

Jeffrey G. Gilmour, Yellowknife Chairperson Appointed March 1, 1993

Don McNenly, Yellowknife Appointed May 3, 1992, Re-appointed May 3, 1993

Gordon Wray, Yellowknife Appointed March 3, 1992 Re-appointed May 4, 1993

Vivian Stevely, Hay River Appointed February 18, 1993 Re-appointed February 18, 1994 **Tom Hoefer**, Yellowknife Appointed May 4, 1993 Re-appointed May 5, 1995

Fred Coman, Iqaluit Appointed February 18, 1993 Re-appointed February 18, 1994

Lydia Bardak, Yellowknife Appointed February 17, 1995



OCT - 9 1996

Yellowianito, N.W.T.

"The mission of the WCB is to serve injured workers and employers in an effective and efficient manner by promoting accident prevention in the workplace and by providing quality rehabilitation services and fair compensation to injured workers throughout the Northwest Territories."

CONTENTS

Letter of Transmittal	4
Chairman's Report	5
Highlights of 1995	6
Financial Statements	11
Management's Responsibility For Financial Reporting	11
Auditor's Report	12
Balance Sheet	
Statement of Operations	14
Statement of Reserves	15
Statement of Changes in Financial Position	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Schedule of Administration and General Expenses	
Actuarial Opinion	
Statistical Information	27

KEY RESULTS

A new asset mix model and investment policy were approved...

The administration of no time loss accidents was streamlined...

A major policy review was initiated...

The information systems conversion was completed...

The average employer assessment rate was lowered...

Safety Education programs were introduced for Claims Management and Artists and Carvers...

The Board enjoyed another operating surplus...

The Safety Incentive and Rate Reduction Program was given a trial run...

A Health Care Providers Guide was developed for Early Intervention...

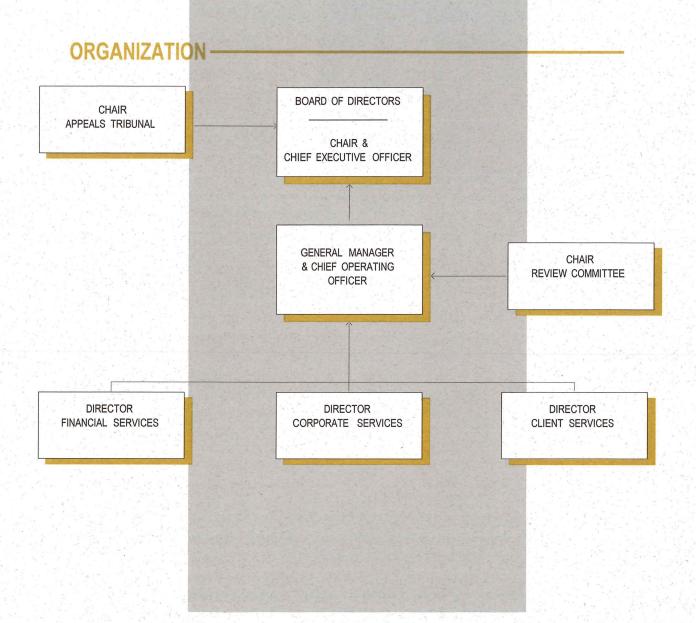
A plan was developed for division into two territories...

An audit was performed to identify pensioners with special or extraordinary needs...

On the Job Training and Alternative Work Programs returned injured workers to the workforce...

Over 2,000 people received vital safety training...





1995 FACTS

Investments (\$000)	13,333
Assessments (\$000)	24,398
Claims Costs (\$000)	25,607
Operating Costs (\$000)	5,724
Reserves (\$000)	18,671
Number of active employers	3,169
Number of workers covered	21,000
Yearly Maximum Insurable Remuneration	\$47,500
Average assessment (per \$100 of assessable payroll)	\$2.54
Highest claim cost (1995)	\$2,541,687
Highest revenue assessment	\$1,941,236
inghost revenue accounting	ψ1,011,200

Total claims accepted	3,608
Fatalities	12
Time loss major	178
Time loss moderate	898
No time loss	1,837
First Aid	649
Occupational Disease	- 34

Most common time loss injury - Sprain, Strain, Tear Most common accident - Overexertion in lifting Most common body part injured - back



LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

June 14, 1996

The Hon. Helen Maksagak, Commissioner of the Northwest Territories

The Honourable John Todd, Minister Responsible for the Workers' Compensation Board

In accordance with Subsection 61 (2) of the *Workers' Compensation Act*, it is my pleasure to present the Annual Report of the Workers' Compensation Board of the Northwest Territories for the year ending December 31, 1995, including audited Financial Statements.

Accompanying the Financial Statements is an Actuarial Opinion as to the reasonableness of the Future Pension and Future Claims Liabilities and the adequacy of the Contingency Reserve.

In addition, I have provided general statistics pertaining to the number and types of claims and related costs, employer statistics and financial schedules.

Yours truly,

J.C. Gilmour, Chairman Workers' Compensation Board



CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

It was a positive year for the NWT Workers' Compensation Board. Assessment rates decreased for the majority of employers and we were able to recommend a \$1,500 increase to the Year's Maximum Insurable Remuneration (YMIR). We remain one of the few Canadian WCBs that is fully funded.

One of the major initiatives completed by the WCB's Board of Directors in 1995 was a comprehensive review of investment strategies and responsibilities. Together, we revised our investment policy to include a new asset allocation model, a financial governance policy, rebalancing guidelines and managerial mandates for each investment manager.

The WCB's corporate planning exercise has changed the way the Board operates. Greater emphasis is now being placed on accident prevention and the integration of health and safety programs in the workplace. We are encouraging employers to establish these programs at the outset - before any of their workers are injured.

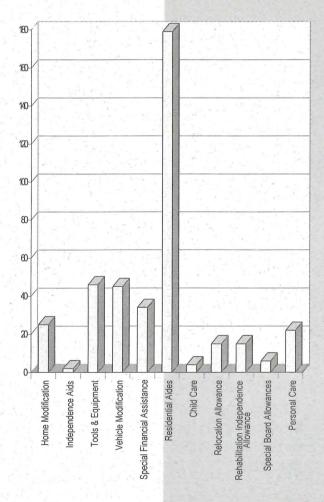
Meanwhile, prompt and effective medical intervention, multidisciplinary assessments and early return to work programs continue to work for the benefit of injured workers and reduce the cost of workplace accidents.

The compensation-rehabilitation-prevention approach has come to dominate workers' compensation programs. At the NWT Board, our focus is to reverse this thinking. It's what our stakeholders have told us they want, and in the long run, we believe it will improve the way we do business.



HIGHLIGHTS OF 1995

1995 Rehabilitation Payments Made to Pensioners, Spouses and Dependents (\$000)



Client Services

Staff training and a review of Claims and Rehabilitation policies were important areas of achievement for Client Services in 1995.

The administration of no-time-loss accidents was streamlined and a cost containment strategy developed to ensure that claims and administration costs continue to be managed in a responsible and cost effective manner.

Effective case management has resulted in a reduction of the average Adjudicator's caseload - from 146 files in December 1993 to 85 files in December 1995. With more manageable caseloads, Adjudicators were able to manage return to work files more effectively and take time for professional development and training.

A specially formed committee performed a special-needs audit on 10 pensioners with significant disabilities. The Statutory Declaration and Claim for Widow or Widower, Doctor's First and Progress Reports, Harvester's Report of Accident and Physiotherapy forms were all amended to allow for easier completion and increased access to information.

In the classroom, Dr. Donald Colter, an Orthopedic Surgeon, made a presentation on medical referees and independent medical examinations. Dr. Frank Denson presented a paper on Early Medical Intervention, Dr. Sally Nikolaj educated staff on Chronic Pain Syndrome and Dr. Bert Giles provided training on Diffusing Hostility. Two representatives from Human Resources Development Canada presented a seminar on Unemployment Insurance Services and the Canada Pension Plan. In addition, two Adjudicators attended the annual college sponsored by the Association of Workers' Compensation Boards of Canada.

The Early Intervention program continues to ensure that injured workers receive the most effective and timely medical testing and treatment available. Through continued education and cooperation, employers are working with the WCB to take back injured workers in graduated or alternate-work programs. Over 50 employers, in twelve communities, participated in the Board's new philosophy to emphasize and promote on the job training. The result was a notable decrease in files referred for vocational rehabilitation assistance and

a reduction in return to work time.

The total capitalized value of pensions awarded in 1995 was \$6,869,000. Currently, 825 injured workers and dependents are receiving lifetime pensions totalling \$484,183.38 per month.

Twenty-five fatal claims were capitalized in 1995, including fourteen for traditional harvesters.



Corporate Services

The Corporate Services Division provides a variety of professional support services to the Board: policy development, human resources, legal, program evaluation, medical and public affairs staff. For the last quarter of 1995, Corporate Services also included Administration and Safety Education personnel.

A major policy review resulted in 50 new policy instruments being identified to replace approximately 196 policies, directives, and procedures. Forty-five of these new policies were drafted during 1995 (five were deferred to 1996).

Human Resources staff held 16 competitions for indeterminate or term positions. At December 31, 1995, WCB staff were represented in the following Affirmative Action categories: seven Indigenous Aboriginal persons; 17 Indigenous Non-Aboriginal Persons; two Women in Management and two Disabled Persons. Fifty-three percent of the WCB's staff are non-affirmative action members.

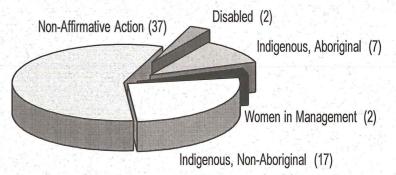
Eighty-seven casual staffing actions were completed. In staffing casual positions, the WCB continues to use the GNWT Priority One staffing list as its primary source of candidates.

For new employees, the Board's Orientation Manual was completed and an Orientation Program developed for Supervisors. Human Resources staff conducted information sharing sessions, and prepared a Corporate Training Plan and Succession Plan. In addition, much work was put into reviewing job descriptions in anticipation of a career pathing exercise, an Employee Assistance Plan was developed and work began on a Nunavut Employment Plan.

Legal Counsel's time was spent monitoring third party actions to recover claims costs (including the Giant Mine litigation), reviewing contracts and providing legal opinions. Ongoing instructions were provided to support major revisions to the *Act*, revisions to the General Regulations dealing with subsistence allowance and calculation of interest, and revisions to the definitions of the *Act* to increase the YMIR.

Medical Advisors completed 1,101 formal file reviews and 142 medical examinations of injured workers. In addition, in-service presentations on WCB related medical issues were provided to staff in the Client Services Division.

WCB Staff Profile





A "Health Care Providers' Guide to WCB" was issued to members of the NWT Medical Association and Nurse Practitioners. A program evaluation of the Medical Unit was completed.

Two editions of the Board's expanded newsletter "Directions" were published. Beginning in February, Public Affairs issued a monthly newsletter to the NWT media. The 1994 Annual Report was released and distributed, and an updated three-year Corporate Plan developed. WCB information packages were presented to the newly elected Members of the Legislative Assembly in November.

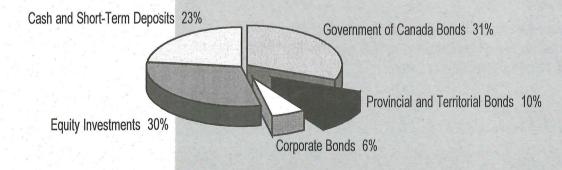
Safety Advisors presented eight safety courses in 13 communities, training 920 individuals. In addition, WHMIS trainers used WCB materials to train 457 people, and NWT teachers taught the WCB "Safety & The Young Worker" program to 909 students. Two new courses were developed for Employers: An Introduction to the SIRR Program and Claims Management for Employers.

An Emergency Response Plan was implemented and orientation sessions were provided to all staff. Fire Wardens were identified and given training in fire evacuation procedures, First Aid and CPR. A comprehensive annual mailout schedule was developed to provide fast and efficient clerical support, and a process was developed to determine the annual requirements and order dates for stationery supplies.

Financial Services

An internal reorganization in September 1995 combined the Board's Revenue function with its Financial and Systems functions. The Financial Services Division is now responsible for accounting, treasury, information systems and employer assessments, in addition to providing financial management advice to the WCB.

The systems conversion project, initiated in 1993, concluded in 1995. The Board's AS/400 mainframe was replaced with a PC-based client/server network. The result has been better information and processing services for WCB operations and stakeholders.



8

Investment Portfolio as of December 31, 1995

The WCB Board of Directors approved a new investment policy and governance plan in July. With the assistance of its actuary and investment consultant, the WCB changed its asset mix to include more emphasis on equity investments, the addition of international equities, and clearer rules for rebalancing the portfolio.

Most of the Board's Accident Fund is invested by external managers directly involved in the investment community. The new investment policy and strategy resulted in the need to contract new investment managers for 65% of the investment portfolio. This process ended in December with the addition of two new fixed income investment managers and one new international investment manager.

These changes also led to a change in the accounting for investments, implemented with the 1995 statements. This will "level out" investment gains and losses over several years, and help stabilize investment returns and assessment rates.

Assessment rates set for 1996 were lowered, on average, by nearly 8%. This resulted, in part, from reductions in claim costs and from the Board's strong financial position at the end of 1994. This position improved again in 1995, primarily due to improvements in investment returns.

The Revenue section assessed \$24.4 million from employers in 1995, about \$1.4 million more than projected.

Financial Services supported the information standardization project of the Association of Workers' Compensation Boards of Canada (AWCBC). They are developing standard definitions of statistics to be collected for future comparisons of Canadian WCBs, and to standardize financial reporting.

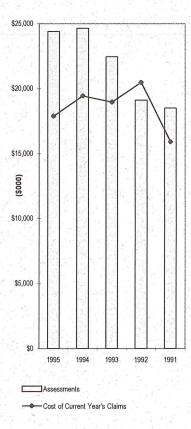
1995 was the "shadow year" for the Safety Incentive and Rate Reduction (SIRR) program. Employers who would have been assessed for the years 1992 - 1994 were advised and encouraged to enroll in "Safety Education" programs.

Review Committee

The Review Committee is the first level of a two-level appeal process.

In February, the Board of Directors approved the restructuring of the Review Committee to include two Co-Chairs, with divisional Directors as designated members in the event of absence or conflict. New Terms of Reference were approved to reflect these changes.

Comparison of Assessment and Claim Costs 1991 - 1995





Statistical reports were enhanced to provide stakeholders with additional information relating to activity at the first level of appeal.

Work on a new appeals tracking system began. This new system will track appeals at both the Review Committee and Appeals Tribunal levels and will provide more statistical information for clients of the Workers' Compensation Board.

In 1995, the Review Committee received 100 requests for review relating to 124 issues: 67 claims issues, 45 pensions issues, 6 rehabilitation issues and 6 revenue issues.

One hundred and twenty-seven reviews were heard and concluded by the Review Committee in 1995. Ninety-eight decisions were upheld, 13 decisions were reversed and 16 decisions were varied.

At year end, seven reviews were deferred to 1996.

Appeals Tribunal

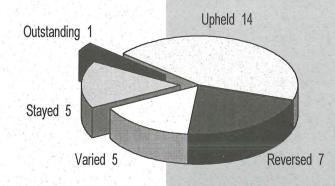
The five-member Appeals Tribunal is appointed by the Minister and is the final level of the appeals process, outlined by the *Workers' Compensation Act.*

The development of Formal Rules Of Practice for the Appeals Tribunal began in 1995. In addition, the Tribunal Registrars participated in preliminary discussions towards an appeals tracking system.

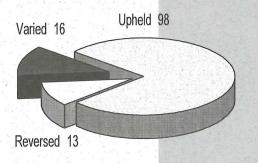
In 1995, the Appeals Tribunal received 28 appeals relating to 31 issues: 11 claims issues, 16 pensions issues and 4 rehabilitation issues.

Thirty-two appeals were heard by the Appeals Tribunal in 1995. Fourteen decisions were upheld, seven were reversed, five were varied, five decisions were stayed pending additional information and one decision was outstanding at year end.

At the end of 1995, 37 appeals remained outstanding.



Review Committee Decisions, 1995



Appeals Tribunal Decisions, 1995

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

April 19, 1996

Management of the Workers' Compensation Board is responsible for the preparation, integrity and objectivity of the financial statements and related information presented in this annual report. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and have been approved by the Board of Directors. Where appropriate, the preparation of financial information contained in this report includes estimates and judgements based on careful consideration of information available to management.

Management has developed and maintains books of accounts, records, financial and management controls, information systems and management practices. These are designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the reliability of financial information in accordance with the *Workers' Compensation Act* and regulations, the *Financial Administration Act* and regulations, and policies of the Board. The Board of Directors ensures that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting, internal control and safeguarding assets.

The Board of Directors appoints certain of its members to serve on the Finance Committee. This Committee oversees management's responsibilities for financial reporting and reviews and recommends the financial statements to the Board for approval.

The Auditor General of Canada annually provides an independent objective audit for the purpose of expressing his opinion on the financial statements. He also considers whether the transactions that come to his notice in the course of this audit are, in all significant respects, in accordance with the specified legislation.

The Coles Group, an independent firm of consulting actuaries, has been engaged to provide an opinion on the adequacy and appropriateness of actuarial valuations of future claims and pension liabilities of the Workers' Compensation Board.

Gerry Meier General Manager & Chief Operating Officer

John W. Doyle Director Financial Services



AUDITOR'S REPORT



AUDITOR GENERAL OF CANADA

VÉRIFICATEUR GÉNÉRAL DU CANADA

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Minister Responsible for the Workers' Compensation Board

I have audited the balance sheet of the Workers' Compensation Board (Northwest Territories) as at December 31, 1995 and the statements of operations, reserves, and changes in financial position for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at December 31, 1995 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles. As required by the Financial Administration Act, I report that, in my opinion, these principles have been applied, after giving effect to the change in the method of accounting for investments as explained in Note 3 to the financial statements, on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Further, in my opinion, proper books of account have been kept and the financial statements are in agreement therewith and the transactions of the Board that have come to my notice during my audit of the financial statements have, in all significant respects, been in accordance with the Workers' Compensation Act and regulations and the Financial Administration Act.

FE

Raymond Dubois, FCA Deputy Auditor General for the Auditor General of Canada

Ottawa, Canada 19 April 1996



Balance Sheet -

As at December 31, 1995	(thousands of dollars)				
ASSETS	1995	1994			
Cash and short-term deposits Assessments receivable Accrued interest receivable Other accounts receivable Investment revenue (note 4a) Property and equipment (note 5)	\$7,378 1,246 1,493 2,188 158,872 4,620	\$ 11,881 2,156 1,469 2,964 135,275 5,477			
1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	\$ 175,797	\$ 159,222			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Lease obligations payable (note 6) Assessments refundable Benefits Liability (notes 7, 8, and 10a)	\$ 742 3,710 1,141 <u>151,533</u> 157,126	\$ 799 4,366 585 142,668 148,418			
RESERVES (note 9) Catastrophe reserve					
Operating reserve	4,750 13,921	4,750 6,054			
	18,671	10,804			
	\$ 175,797	\$ 159,222			

CONTINGENCIES (note 10)

Approved by Management:

Director, Financial Services

Approved by the Board of Directors:

Chairman Chairman, Finance Committee

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statement of Operations -

For the year ended December 31, 1995		(tho	usands	of dollars)
REVENUES		1995		1994
Assessments Investment Revenue (note 4b) Recoveries (note 12b)	\$	24,398 13,333 1,467	\$	24,643 4,356 2,179
EXPENSES		39,198		31,178
Cost of claims (note 7)				
Current year's claims Prior years' claims Total Claims	\$	17,883 7,724 25,607	\$	19,439 (567) 18,872
Administration and general (schedule)		5,724		5,986
		31,331		24,858
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	=	7,867		6,320
TRANSFERS				
Transfer to catastrophe reserve	\$	-	\$	1,425
Transfer to operating reserve	_	7,867	_	4,895
	\$	7,867	\$	6,320

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statement of Reserves ·

For the year ended December 31, 1995	(thou	sands o	f dollars)
CATASTROPHE RESERVE	1995	4 J	1994
Balance at the beginning of the year Transfer from operations	\$ 4,750 -	\$	3,325 1,425
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 4,750	\$	4,750
OPERATING RESERVE			
Balance at beginning of 1994 before prior period adjustment (note 3b) Prior period adjustment Balance at the beginning of the year as restated	\$ 6,054 6,054	\$	948 <u>211</u> 1,159
Transfer from operations	7,867		4,895
Balance at the end of the year (note 9)	\$ 13,921	\$	6,054



Statement of Changes in Financial Position -

For the year ended December 31, 1995	(thousands of dolla		
FUNDS PROVIDED FROM (USED FOR)	1995	1994	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income from operations Items not affecting cash Amortization of	\$ 7,867	\$ 6,320	
bond premiums and discounts	58	84	
gains on investments	(3,555)	(1,414)	
property and equipment	485	546	
Claims costs	25,607	18,872	
	30,462	24,408	
Benefits payments	(17,418)	(17,545)	
Recoveries to Claims Liability	676	2,293	
Add (deduct) changes in non cash operating assets	1,662	(3,333)	
Add (deduct) changes in non cash operating liabilities	499	(499)	
	(14,581)	(19,084)	
Funds provided from operating activities	15,881	5,324	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increases (decreases) in lease obligations payable	(460)	288	
Lease payments	(196)	(190)	
Funds provided from (used for) financing activities	(656)	98	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Funds from (used for) investments (including reinvestments)	(20,100)	893	
(Purchase) disposals of property and equipment	372	(497)	
Funds from (used for) investing activities	(19,728)	396	
Increase (decrease) in cash and short term deposits	(4,503)	5,818	
Cash and shart tame density			
Cash and short-term deposits	14 004	0.000	
Balance at the beginning of the year	11,881	6,063	
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 7,378	\$ 11,881	
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.



For the year ended December 31, 1995

1. Authority, Mandate and Operations

The Workers' Compensation Board (the Board) was established by, and is responsible for the administration of the Workers' Compensation Act.

The mandate of the Workers' Compensation Board is to protect workers against the result of work injury. The Board provides compensation for injury or death by accident arising out of, and in the course of, employment. Assessments required to meet the costs of compensation, pension awards and administration are levied upon employers on the basis of a percentage of their assessable payroll.

2. Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Investments

Fixed term investments are recorded at cost at the time of purchase. Discounts or premiums are amortized on a straight line basis over the periods remaining from the time of purchase to the maturity dates of the investments. At disposal, the gain or loss on an investment is amortized over the remaining period to maturity of the investment.

Equity investments are valued using a moving average market value method, using a five year amortization of gains and losses that arise on the sale of investments, or that arise as a result of changes in the market value of those investments.

(b) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and amortized over their estimated useful life under the straight-line method as follows:

Furnishings

- 10 years
- Equipment (purchased and leased)
- 5 years
- Leasehold improvements and office space (leased) Over the term of the lease

Assets recorded as capital leases are amortized on the straight-line method over the lease term. Obligations recorded under capital leases are reduced by rental payments net of imputed interest.

(c) Administration and general expenses

A portion of administration and general expenses is allocated as claims management costs between current years' claims and prior years' claims based on the proportion of claims expenditures processed. The costs allocated are the direct costs related to the managing of claims, pensions and rehabilitation services.

(d) Benefit Liability

All claims cost expenses for both current and prior years' claims are charged to the Benefits Liability.

The Benefits Liability is determined using an actuarial valuation and is comprised of:

- i. the future pension liability which represents the present value of future payments in respect of approved pension awards; and
- ii. the future claims liability which represents the present value of future payments in respect of medical aid benefits, compensation payments and the capitalized value of future pension awards for all claims arising from accidents occurring prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Recoveries from third parties are added back to the Benefits Liability as proceeds are repaid to the claimants.



For the year ended December 31, 1995

(e) Funding Policy

The funding policy of the Board is to maintain both the future pension liability and the future claims liability at a fully funded level at each year end.

The amount of liability is determined on a basis which allows for future inflationary increases by using a discount for interest at the rate of 3% per annum.

(f) Catastrophe and operating reserves

The catastrophe and operating reserves are maintained to provide a margin of protection against adverse financial experience which could unduly burden future employers. Such adverse experience could arise in respect of the following risk:

- i. disasters and catastrophes
- ii. lower than expected investment results
- iii. other unanticipated events such as lower than anticipated assessment or investment revenues or higher than anticipated claims costs.

Assessment rates are adjusted to bring the reserve to its target level over a period of between 2 years and 10 years depending on the margin by which the operating reserve is above or below the target range.

(g) Pension Contributions

The Board and its employees, who are deemed to be employees of the Government of the Northwest Territories, make contributions to the Public Service Superannuation Plan administered by the Government of Canada. Contributions to the plan are required from both the employees and the Board. These contributions represent the total liability of the Board and are recognized in the accounts on a current basis.

3. Change in Accounting Policy

a) Fixed term investments

The method of recording realized gains and losses on fixed investments was changed effective January 1, 1995 to be consistent with recommendations of the Association of Workers' Compensation Boards of Canada to follow principles similar to life and health insurance companies. Gains and losses on disposal of these investments are amortized over the remaining period to maturity of the investment. Formerly all gains and losses were recognized in the year of disposal.

As there is not sufficient detail of past information to calculate the unamortized gains and losses in prior years, this change is being treated prospectively and prior years' information has not been restated.

b) Equity investments

Effective retroactively, equity investments are valued using the moving average market value method, with realized and unrealized gains and losses amortized over a five year period. Formerly, these investments were carried at cost and gains and losses were recognized in the year of disposal. The valuation of these investments is calculated based on the market value of the equity investments. The effect of the retroactive application of this new accounting policy for 1994 comparative is as follows:

Increase to Operating Reserve, at January 1, 1994 Decrease to Investment Revenue Net effect on Closing Operating Reserve at December 31, 1994	\$ 212 (482) (270)
Increase to Investments Increase to Unamortized Gains on Investments Net effect on Amortized Value Investments at December 31, 1994	\$ 3,626 (3,896) (270)

(thousands of dollars)



For the year ended December 31, 1995

c) Impact on 1995 accounts due to changes in accounting policy

The combined effect of changes in accounting policy to fixed term investments and equity investments is as follows: (thousands of dollars)

		ousands of doi	19
Decrease to 1995 Investment Revenue Net effect on Closing Operating Reserve at December 31, 1995	\$	(5,037) (5,037)	
Increase to Investments Increase to Unamortized Gains on Investments Net effect on Amortized Value Investments at December 31, 1995	\$	4,357 (9,394) (5,037)	

4. (a) Investments

(thousands of dollars)

	1995			1994				
		Carrying Value		Market Value		Carrying Value		Market Value
Government of Canada Bonds N.H.A. mortgage-backed securities	\$	49,828 (239)	\$	54,399	\$	70,274 2,367	\$	68,323 2,330
Provincial and Territorial Bonds		16,301		17,180		10,391		9,605
Corporate Bonds		9,039		10,106		9,804		10,046
Total Fixed Term Investment		74,929		81,685		92,836		90,304
Equity Investments		43,494		52,897		33,802		37,698
Investments Maturing within one year		40,449		40,449		8,637	1.4	8,637
TOTAL	\$	158,872	\$	175,031	\$	135,275	\$	136,639

Included in the carrying values is an unamortized gain of \$13,292,183 for 1995 and \$3,896,722 for 1994.



For the year ended December 31, 1995

(b) Investment Revenue

(thousands of dollars)

	1995			1994				
	A	Interest/ Dividends Revenue		Gains/ Losses	Di	Interest/ vidends Revenue		Gains/ Losses
Fixed Term Investments Equity Investments	\$	7,613 992 8,605	\$	89 <u>3,466</u> 3,555	\$	7,578 643 8,221	\$	(5,893) <u>1,414</u> (4,479)
Investments Maturing within one year		751		103		525		(4,479)
TOTAL	\$	9,356	\$	3,658	\$	8,746	\$	(4,479)
Total Investment Revenue Less: Investment Fees Add: Interest on Cash and Short Term Deposits			\$	13,014 (428) 747			\$	4,267 (434) 523
Total Investment Revenue			\$	13,333			\$	4,356

5. Property and Equipment

(thousands of dollars)

	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	1995 Net Book Value	1994 Net Book Value
Furnishings Equipment - Purchased	250 1,055	143 674	107 381	125 404
- Leased Leasehold improvements	- 1,460	- 349	1,111	86 1,336
Office space - Leased	4,242	1,221	3,021	3,526
	7,007	2,387	4,620	5,477

6. Lease Obligations Payable

Office space

The lease for office space was amended in 1995. The Board now has no further obligation for the first floor space. This is recognized as a disposal of assets and liabilities in the financial statements. The amendment to the original lease was significant enough that the amended lease will be treated as a new lease.

The Board is committed to payments of \$435,765 per annum under a 15 year office space lease agreement which is based on an implicit interest rate of 8% and expires in 2010. The Board holds an option to purchase the space included in the lease agreement after five years at \$117.50 per square foot. The Board is also responsible for a proportional share of operating and maintenance expenses based on its share of space occupied.



For the year ended December 31, 1995

7. Benefits Liability

(thousands of dollars)

			1995	New State		1994
	Medical	Compensation	Pension Capitalization	Pension Awards	Total	Total
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 16,340	\$ 13,205	\$ 19,576	\$ 93,547	\$ 142,668	\$ 139,048
Claims Expenses						
Current Year	3,603	5,738	7,322	1,220	17,883	19,439
Prior Year	2,052	(228)	48	5,852	7,724	(567)
Liability transfer - capitalizations			(5,649)	5,649		-
Recoveries from third parties		676			676	2,293
	21,995	19,391	21,297	106,268	168,951	160,213
Less: Claims payments made						
Current year injuries Claims payments Claims Management	841 314	1,390 519		137 4	2,368 837	2,511 570
Prior Years' injuries Claims payments Claims Management	2,518 302	3,149 378		7,592 274	13,259 954	13,262 1,202
	3,975	5,436		8,007	17,418	17,545
Balance, End of Year	\$ 18,020	\$ 13,955	\$ 21,297	\$ 98,261	\$ 151,533	\$ 142,668



For the year ended December 31, 1995

8. Actuarial Valuation

Valuations by the actuary indicate that as at December 31, 1995:

- the future claims liability of \$53,272,040 is sufficient to meet both the future costs of reported claims, and the cost of unreported claims.
- the future pension liability of \$98,261,334 is sufficient to meet the calculated liabilities.

9. Reserves

The Board is fully funded at the end of 1995 and is able to meet its obligations for the future pension and future claims liability.

The target level for the catastrophe reserve, set by the Board, provides for the average cost of a disaster. The target level of the reserve at the end of 1995 is \$4,750,000.

The target level for the operating reserve is based on a number of factors relating to the financial risks which could impact on the financial position of the board. A range of 75% to 125% of the target level has been set as a target range. The target level at the end of 1995 is \$4,148,412 and hence the target range is \$3,111,309 to \$5,185,515.

The funding policy of the Board provides for discounts on assessment rates when the operating reserve exceeds its target range (see note 2(f)).

10. Contingencies

(a) Widow's Pensions

Changes to the Workers' Compensation Act proposed for 1996 would continue pension payments to widows after remarriage. An allowance of \$3,906,566 for continuation of pensions to widows currently receiving pensions is included in the Benefits Liability. An opinion from the Board's legal counsel and recent litigation in other provinces suggests that the actual liability could be higher. The amount of any further liability cannot be determined at this time.

(b) Benefits Claims

Preliminary information has been provided from the Government of the Northwest Territories Department of Health that some past costs may not have been invoiced to the Board and may represent a contingent liability on the part of the Board. Any adjustment will be recorded in the year accepted by the Board.

(c) Legal Claims Receivable

The Board has a number of legal claims outstanding for recovery of compensation expenses from third parties. These claims are not recorded in the accounts because of their contingent nature. In the opinion of management and the Board's legal representatives, it is expected that the Board could recover approximately \$877,978. Settlement of legal claims are recognized in the year in which the settlement occurs. Legal claims settled during 1995 resulted in recoveries of \$675,674 (1994 - \$2,292,604).

The Board has commenced an action against a third party as a result of the deaths of nine miners in an explosion on a worksite. At this time potential recoveries cannot be determined.



For the year ended December 31, 1995

11. Subsequent Events

In April 1996, an agreement for the transfer of the responsibility for the administration and enforcement of the Safety Act, Explosives Use Act and Mine Health and Safety Act from the Government of the Northwest Territories to the Workers' Compensation Board was signed by the Government and the Board. The transfer is effective April 16, 1996 and is contingent upon legislative changes to several Acts, including the Workers' Compensation Act, the Mine Health and Safety Act, the Safety Act, the Safety Act, and the Explosives Use Act.

The Government will be compensating the Workers' Compensation Board for part of the cost of the transfer from April 16, 1996 to March 31, 1999 as shown below. Additional and future costs will be recovered from employer assessments. The estimated annual cost of administering these programs is \$2.0 million.

April 16, 1996 - March 31, 1997 - 75% of the agreed cost April 1, 1997 - March 31, 1998 - 50% of the agreed cost April 1, 1998 - March 31, 1999 - 25% of the agreed cost

12. Related Party Transactions

(a) The Government of the Northwest Territories paid workers' compensation assessments to the Board, in the amount of \$1,941,236 (1994 - \$2,098,582).

(b) The Government of the Northwest Territories provided a reimbursement to the Board for hunters and trappers claims. In 1995, an adjustment in the amount of \$1,466,493 (1994 - \$2,178,882) was made to the reserve being held by the Board for hunter and trapper claims.

(c) The Board's investments include bonds of (at amortized cost):		(thousar	nds of	dollars)
Government of the Northwest Territories	<u></u>	1995		1994
11.00% maturing June 23, 1998	\$	448	\$	597
Northwest Territories Power Corporation 11.00% maturing March 9, 2009 11.125% maturing June 6, 2011 9.375% maturing May 12, 2014	\$ \$ \$	500 997 1,000	\$ \$ \$	500 996 1,000
Northwest Territories Legislative Assembly Building Society 13.00% Series A, maturing August 31, 2013	\$	389	\$	394

(d) In addition to those related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Board is related to all Government of the Northwest Territories created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Board enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business.

13. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 1994 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 1995.



Schedule of Administration and General Expenses -

For the year ended December 31, 1995

(thousands of dollars)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1995	 1994
Salaries, wages and allowances	\$	3,880	\$ 3,892
Professional services		763	730
Office lease and renovations		974	963
Employer's share of benefits		478	488
Computer lease and services		51	95
Office furnishings and equipment		342	324
Travel		331	355
Board Members		272	385
Communications		189	251
Office services and supplies		178	168
Grants		108	127
Advertising and public information		58	61
Miscellaneous		33	35
Medical services		23	143
	\$	7,680	\$ 8,017
Less:			
Allocations to claims management		1,791	1,772
Penalties		113	243
Assessment interest		51	14
Sundry revenue		1	2
장애 이 경험에 있는 것 같아. 여러 영화		1,956	2,031
	\$	5,724	\$ 5,986



ACTUARIAL OPINION

The Coles Group

Suite 1400 - 999 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, B.C., Canada V6C 2W2 Fax (604) 683-0249 / Telephone (604) 683-7311

WORKERS' COMPENSATION BOARD NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

ACTUARIAL OPINION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1995

We have examined the valuation of the liabilities for future claim payments (Future Claims Liability) and future pension payments (Future Pension Liability) as at December 31, 1995. This valuation was based on the provisions of the **Workers' Compensation Act, N.W.T. 1988**, which was in effect at December 31, 1995. The detailed results of our valuation are presented in our report dated April 11, 1996.

The valuation of the liabilities has been performed in accordance with methods and assumptions set forth in the Board's **Statement of Funding Policy**, **Methods and Assumptions - 1994**, (**Revised and Approved by the Board of Directors, April, 1995**). Both the Future Claims Liability and the Future Pension Liability include a provision for future expenses relating to the management of existing claims and pension awards.

In our opinion:

- 1. The Future Claims Liability of \$53,272,040 makes adequate provision for expected future payments including rehabilitation benefits and claim management expenses, in respect of claims arising prior to January 1, 1996 other than existing pension awards.
- 2. The Future Pension Liability of \$98,261,334 makes adequate provision for expected future payments, including future Supplementary Pension Increases and claim management expenses, for pension awards granted prior to January 1, 1996;
- 3. The data on which the valuation is based is sufficient and reliable for the purpose of the valuation;
- 4. The assumptions used are appropriate for the purposes of the valuation; and
- 5. The methods employed are consistent with sound actuarial principles.

Nonetheless, emerging experience differing from the assumptions will result in gains or losses which will be revealed in future valuations.

Respectfully submitted for THE COLES GROUP

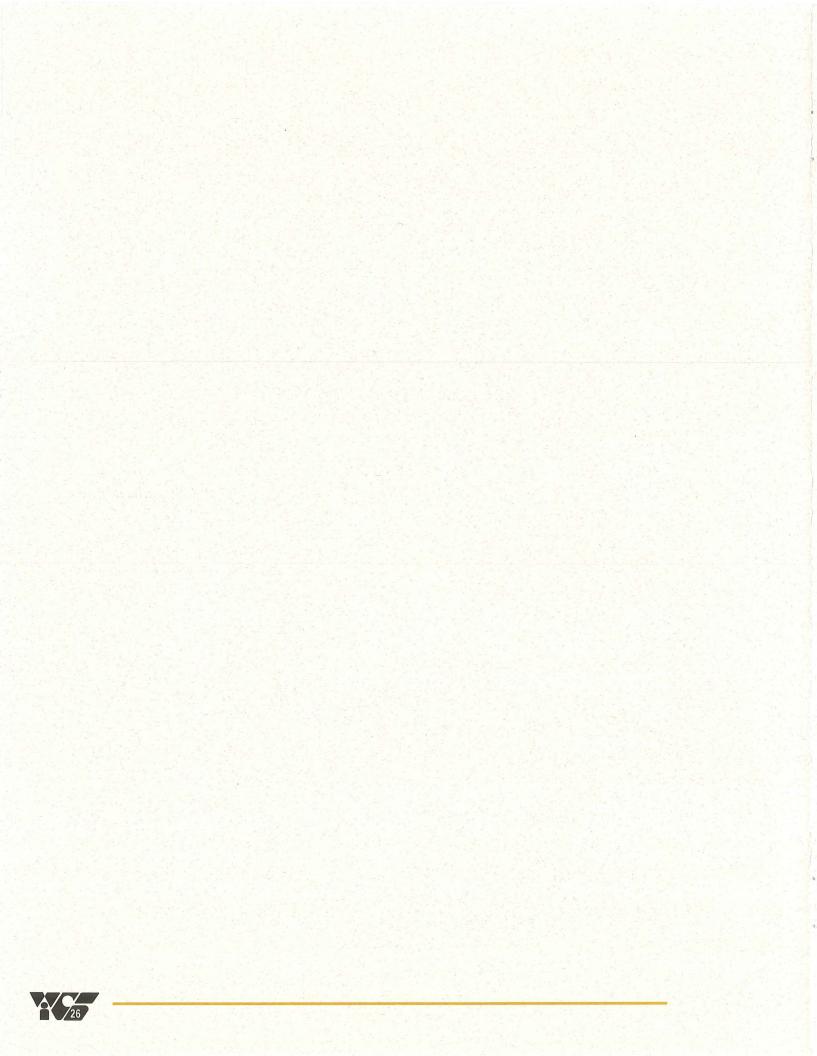
J.A. Grown.

J. Allan Brown Fellow of the Canadian Institute of Actuaries

April 11, 1996

Employee Benefits Consultants and Actuaries





STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Contents

Tables

- 1. 1991 1995 Claim Distribution by Category
- 2. 1991 1995 Age Distribution of Claimants at Time of Accident
- 3. 1995 Type of Accident
- 4. 1995 Time Loss Claims by Occupation
- 5. 1993 1995 Nature of Injury
- 6. 1993 1995 Assessments and Claim Expenses by Class
- 7. Safety Incentive and Rate Reduction Program, Shadow Year Report
- 8. 1995 Employer Statistics by Subclass

Figures

- 1. 1995 Claims by Region
- 2. 1995 Part of Body
- 3. 1995 Rehabilitation Payments by Type
- 4. Pensions Capitalised in 1995 by Region
- 5. Annual Payments of Compensation and Pensions
- 6. 1993 1995 Comparison of Assessments and Claim Expenses by Class
- 7. 1995 Comparison of Assessments and Expenses, Per Claim, by Industry Class
- 8. 1995 Assessable Payroll by Industry Class
- 9. 1991 1995 Balance Sheet
- 10. 1991 1995 Investment Portfolio, Annualised Market Rate of Return
- 11. 1995 Statement of Operations

Summary moumation, 1551 • 1555					
	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991
Total Active Business	5865	4702	4430	4514	4558
Employers	3857*	2889	3150	2913	3392
Self Employed	2008	1813	1280	1601	1166
Claims Reported	3871	3903	3630	3688	3445
Assessment Revenue (\$000)	24,627	25, 016	21,653	19,105	18,510
Average Assessment Rate**	2.54	2.56	2.56	2.29	2.69
Supplementary Pension Increase	1.03%	1.72%	0	7.5%	0
Yearly Maximum Insurable Remuneration (\$)	47,500	47,500	47,500	47,500	40,000

* Includes 668 exempt employers. Exempt refers to employers that are incorporated, have no workers and whose officers have waived optional coverage.

** \$ per \$100 of assessable payroll

Summary Information 1001 - 1005



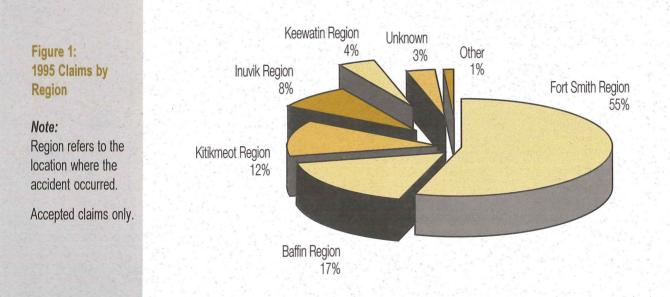
Accident Statistics

TABLE 1:	
1991 - 1995	
Claim Distribution	
by Category	

Note:

These figures are revised annually to allow for claims that are reported late.

, 이 아파 같아야.	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991
Total Claims Reported	3871	3903	3630	3688	3445
First Aid	649	676	626	554	314
No Time Loss	1837	1691	1545	1602	1647
Time Loss Moderate	898	856	788	914	873
Time Loss Major	178	249	239	224	256
Industrial Disease	34	51	49	74	57
Fatal	12	16	6	12	7
Claim Denied	93	99	90	69	89
No Claim Established	170	265	287	239	202
Total Claims Accepted	3608	3539	3253	3380	3154
			and the state of the	the second s	



1991 - 1995		1995	1994	1993	1992	1991
Age Distribution of		9/	%	%	%	%
Claimants at Time of	Under 25	16.2	17.3	17.6	17.3	19.6
Accident	25 - 44	64.1	62.5	62.7	62.1	63.9
	45 - 64	19.4	19.6	19.2	17.5	15.3
Accepted claims only.	Over 64	0.4	0.4	0.1	3.0	1.2



Accident Statistics

Type of Accident	#	%
Overexertion in lifting	187	17.19%
Bodily reaction, uns	123	11.31%
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	103	9.47%
Rubbed or abraded by objects	66	6.07%
Caught in/compressed by equip.	56	5.15%
Rubbed /abraded by foreign matter (eye)49	4.50%
Nonclassifiable	48	4.41%
Struck by object, n.e.c.	45	4.14%
Fall on same level, n.e.c.	41	3.77%
Struck by flying object, n.e.c.	35	3.22%
Struck against object, n.e.c.	31	2.85%
Overexertion in pulling/pushing objects	26	2.39%
Struck by slipping handheld object	26	2.39%
Fall from ladder	25	2.30%
Fall down stairs or steps	18	1.65%
Fall from scaffold, staging	15	1.38%
Fall onto or against objects	14	1.29%
Contact with hot objects or substances	13	1.19%
Jack-knifed or overturned - no collision	13	1.19%
Struck by object, uns	13	1.19%
Fall from nonmoving vehicle	12	1.10%
Stepped on object	12	1.10%
Fall to floor, walkway, or other surface	9	0.83%
Overexertion, uns	9	0.83%
Overexertion in throwing objects	8	0.74%
Overexertion, n.e.c.	8	0.74%
Struck by flying object, uns	8	0.74%
Aircraft accident, uns	7	0.64%
Exposure to environmental cold	6	0.55%
Struck against object, uns	6	0.55%
Assaults and violent acts, uns	5	0.46%
Inhalation of substance, uns	5	0.46%
Fall on same level, uns	4	0.37%
Rubbed or abraded by friction	4	0.37%
Caught in running equipment	3	0.28%
Contact with skin	3	0.28%
Ran off highway - no collision	3	0.28%
Bodily reaction, n.e.c.	3 3 2 2 2	0.18%
Exposure to noise in single incident	2	0.18%
Ingestion of substance	2	0.18%
Struck against stationary object	2	0.18%
Struck by Falling object	2	0.18%
Aircraft accident, n.e.c.	1	0.09%
Bodily reactions & exertion, n.e.c.	1	0.09%
Caught in or compressed by equip.	1	0.09%
Contact with cold objects or substances		0.09%
Contact with obj. & equipment, uns	1	0.09%
contact man obj. a equipment, and		0.0070

Type of Accident	#	%	
Diving accidents	1	0.09%	
Drowning, submersion	1	0.09%	
Exposed to noxious/allergenic subs.	1	0.09%	
Fall through floor surface	1	0.09%	
Fall to lower level, uns	1	0.09%	
Noncollision accident, n.e.c.	1	0.09%	
Overexertion in holding, or wielding	1	0.09%	
Rubbed/abraded by kneeling on	1	0.09%	
Slip, trip, loss of balance-without fall	1	0.09%	
Slipping on something	1	0.09%	
Static posture without application of force	1	0.09%	
Struck against moving object	1	0.09%	
	1	0.09%	
Tripping over something	1	0.09%	

TABLE 3:1995 Type ofAccident (Time Lossand Fatal Claims)n.e.c. not elsewhereclassified

unspecified

uns

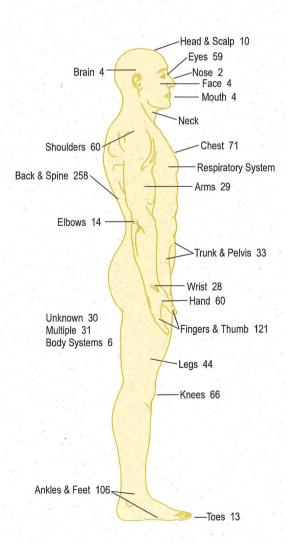


Figure 2: 1995 Part of Body (Time Loss Claims)



Accident Statistics ·

TABLE 4:	Occupation	#	%	Occupation	#	%
1995 Time Loss	Nonclassifiable	211	19.61%	Geologist	3	0.28%
Claims by	Labourer, Construction	85	7.90%	Attendant, Sport/Recreation	3	0.28%
Occupation	Carpenter	53	4.93%	Protective Service Worker	3	0.28%
occupation	Labourer, Materials Handler	43	4.00%	Meat Cutter	3	0.28%
	Equipment Operator	42	3.90%	Operator, Machine Tool	3	0.28%
n.e.c. not elsewhere	Driller: Rock and Soil	37	3.44%	Installer, Electrical Equipment	3	0.28%
classified	Mechanic, Industrial	37	3.44%	Labourer, Electric Power	3	0.28%
uns unspecified	Miner	38	3.53%	Painter	3	0.28%
	Labourer, n.e.c.	33	3.07%	Physical Science Technician	2	0.19%
	Truck Driver	30	2.79%	Social Worker	2	0.19%
	Chef, Cook	27	2.51%	Dental Hygienist		0.19%
	Clerk, Stocking	26	2.42%	Chambermaid	2 2	0.19%
	Mechanic, Motor Vehicles	24	2.23%	Guide	2	0.19%
	Supervisor, Service Industry	23	2.14%	Foreperson: Mining/Quarrying/Oil/Gas	2	0.19%
	Labourer, Food Processing	18	1.67%	Foreperson, Food Processing	2	0.19%
	Manager	18	1.67%	Baker	2	0.19%
	Pipefitter, Plumber	10	1.58%	Radio, T.V. Repair Person	2	0.19%
	Hunter, Trapper	16	1.49%	Lineperson, Electrical Power	2	0.19%
	Fire Fighter	10	1.39%	Roofer	2	0.19%
	Labourer, Mining	13	1.30%	Deck Crew	2	0.19%
	Materials Handler	14	1.30%	Taxi or Chauffeur Driver	2	0.19%
	Labourer, Service	13	1.21%		2	0.19%
	Welder	13	1.21%	Foreperson, Materials Handler	2	0.19%
	Electrician	13	1.21%	Operator, Power Station	4	0.09%
	Nurse	13	1.12%	Engineer: Civil	1	0.09%
	Machinist	11	1.02%	Engineer: Electrical	1	0.09%
	Administrator; Government	10	0.93%	Supervisor: Engineering, n.e.c.	1	0.09%
		9	0.84%	Computer Programmer	1	
	Salesperson/Clerk Waiter	9	0.84%	Librarian		0.09%
			0.84%	Counsellor	1	0.09%
	Clerk, General	9 8	0.04%	Nursing, Therapy	1	0.09%
	Nursing Assistant	o 8	0.74%	Dietician Taska alasist, Dadialamu		0.09%
	Nursing Aide			Technologist, Radiology		0.09%
	Secretary	8 8	0.74%	Babysitter		0.09%
	Guard	0	0.74%	Operator: Elevator	4.5	0.09%
	Labourer, Forestry	$\frac{1}{7}$	0.65%	Driller: Rotary; Well, etc.	1	0.09%
	Foreperson, Construction	1	0.65%	Labourer: Mineral Ore Treating	1	0.09%
	Teacher	1	0.65%	Upholsterer	1	0.09%
	Construction Trades, n.e.c.	6	0.56%	Structural Metal Erector	្រា	0.09%
	Surveyor	5	0.46%	Foreperson, Motor Transport	1	0.09%
	Fisherperson	5	0.46%	Bus Driver	1	0.09%
	Pilot	5	0.46%	Longshoreman/woman	1	0.09%
	Engineer: Aeronautical	4	0.37%	Operator, Materials Handler	1.	0.09%
	Cashier, Teller	4	0.37%	Photo Engraver	1	0.09%



Accident Statistics -

Nature of Injury	1995	1994	1993	TABLE 5:	
Sprains, strains, tears	1132	1166	1048	1993 -1995 Nature of	
	765	783	713	Injury (Time Loss	
Cuts, lacerations	705	682	597	Claims)	
Bruises, contusions				olamoj	
Abrasions, scratches	307	319	287		
Nonclassifiable	172	1	8	n.e.c. not elsewhere	
Fractures	128	139	133	classified	
Heat burns, scalds, uns	67	95	73	uns unspecified	
Muskuloskel. sys. & connect. tissue dise. & disor., uns	65	63	56	unopeoniou	
Chemical burns, uns	24	18	24		
Other diseases of upper respiratory tract, uns	22	39	21		
Concussions	19	9	10		
Deafness, hearing loss or impairment	19	34	24		
Dislocations	17	17	14		
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders, uns	14	9	40		
Effects of reduced temperature, uns	13	18	7		
Raynaud's Phenomenon (whitehand)	13	21	23		
	15 11	12	7		
Dermatitis, uns	11	35	92		
Traumatic injuries & disorders, uns			92 16		
Welder"s flash	11	10			
Damage to or loss of prosthetic devices	10	11	19		
Hernia, uns	8	13	10		
Amputations, except fingertip	6	10	4		
Infectious & parasitic diseases, uns	5	1.1.5 14.4	1		
Drownings	0	3	10		
Electrical burns, uns	3	4	5		
Foreign bodies (superficial splinters, chips)	0	0	4		
Non-specified allergic reaction	3	4	14		
Other poisonings and toxic effects, n.e.c.	3	1	. 1		
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	0	0	3		
Cellulitis and abscess	0	0	2		
Ischemic heart disease, uns	0	2	1		
Other diseases, conditions, and disorders, n.e.c.	2	5	6		
Symptoms, signs, & ill-def. conditions, uns	Ō	Ő	2		
Carpal tunnel syndrome	0	0	2		
Acute respiratory infections (includ. common cold)	0	0	1		
	0	1	1		
Asbestosis			1		
Cuts, abrasions, bruises	0	0	1		
Depressive state	0	0	l		
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, n.e.c.	0	0	A second		
Fractures and other injuries	0	0	1		
Frostbite	0	1	1		
Primary tuberculous infection	0	0	1		
Punctures, except bites	0	0	- 1		
Second-degree heat burns, scalds	0	0	1		
Traumatic injuries to bones, nerves, spinal cord, uns	0	0	1		
Anxiety, stress, neurotic disorders, uns	0	0	1		
		3. 그는 ' 굿 음			



Rehabilitation and Pension Statistics

Figure 3: 1995 Rehabilitation Payments by Type (\$000)

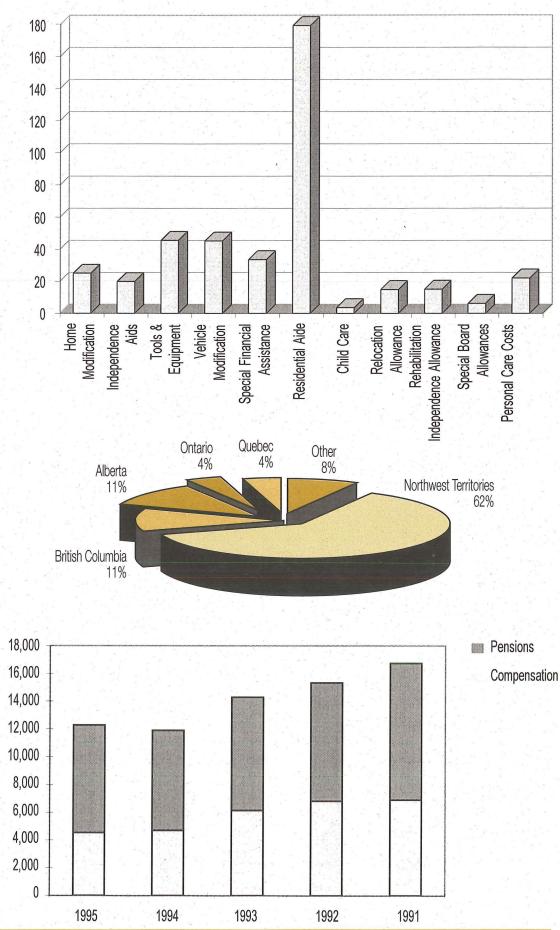
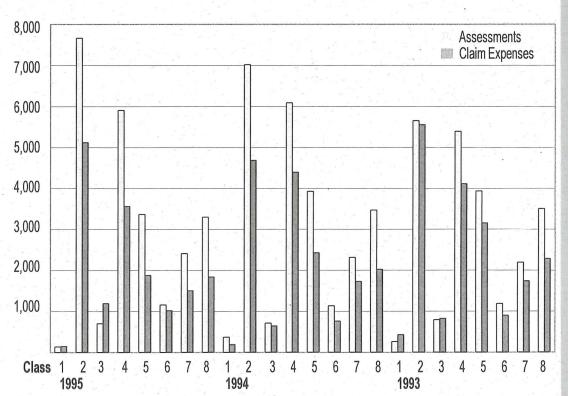


Figure 4: Pensions Capitalised in 1995 by Region

Figure 5: Annual Payments of Compensation and Pensions (\$000)

Employer Statistics

1		19	995			1994			1993
	Asses	sments	Claim	Asses	sments	Claim	Asse	ssments	Claim
Ind	ustry Class	E	xpenses			Expenses			Expenses
1	Renewable Resources	139	148		369	192	8 ¹	265	429
2	Mining	7,660	5,120		7,016	4,685		5,651	5,552
3	Oil & Gas	702	1,192		710	642		789	821
4	Construction	5,905	3,555		6,090	4,392		5,394	4,114
5	Transport/Comm/Utilities	3,362	1,877		3,925	2,424		3,934	3,150
6	Trades/ Related Services	1,156	1,015		1,131	761		1,183	895
7	Services N.E.C.	2,406	1,503		2,307	1,724		2,189	1,733
8	Public Administration & Defence	3,297	1,838		3,469	2,018		3,506	2,283
	Total	24,627	16,248	1. C	25,017	16,838	1	22,911	18,977



Clas	Num ss Asses		Amount Assessed	% of Regular Assessment*
1	Renewable Resources	0	 19 A.	
2	Mining	4	\$619,368	25.60
3	Oil & Gas	4	\$67,725	31.80
4	Construction	13	\$86,797	5.70
5	Transport/Comm/Utilities	5	\$65,668	12.20
6	Trades/ Related Services	10	\$30,851	9.70
7	Services N.E.C.	7	\$49,635	5.90
8	Public Administration & Defence	3	\$54,693	12.30
de la	Total	46	\$974,736	8.80

TABLE 6: 1993 - 1995 Assessments and Claim Expenses by Class (\$000)

Note:

Claim expenses are the total of the costs for the year of accident and all estimated future liabilities.

Figure 6:

1993 - 1995 Comparison of Assessments and Claim Expenses by Industry Class (\$000)

TABLE 7: Safety Incentive and Rate Reduction Program (SIRR) Shadow Year Report

* Based on a three year average

1995 was the trial (shadow) year for the SIRR Program. Special Assessments were based on data from 1992 - 1994. 1996 will mark the first year Special Assessments are invoiced.



Employer Statistics

TABLE 8:	Industrial Class	Assessments	Number of
1995 Employer	1995	(\$000)	Employers*
Statistics by		139	187
Subclass	10 Renewable Resources	137	178
	16 Fish Harvesters	2	9
	CLASS 2 TOTAL	7660	108
	22 Mine Development and Operation	7356	20
	27 Mineral Prospecting and Exploration	304	88
	CLASS 3 TOTAL	702	116
	36 Exploration and Drilling for Oil & Gas	570	35
	37 Services to the Exploration for Oil & Gas	132	81
	CLASS 4 TOTAL	5905	760
	41 Building Construction and Related Services	3179	359
	42 Highway, Bridge and Pipeline Construction (etc)	1211	53
	43 Logging Operations	427	69
	44 Steel Erectors and Tower & Power line Installations (etc)	70	19
	45 Housing Associations	211	47
	46 Plumbing, Electrical & Air Conditioning fitting (etc)	642	160
	49 Painting and Related Decorating Services	165	53
* Does not include	CLASS 5 TOTAL	3362	408
Self Employed	51 Operation of Fixed Wing Aircraft (12 500 lbs or less)	536	54
Accounts. Multi -	52 Operation of Fixed Wing Aircraft (12 500 lbs or more)	396	q
Industry employers	53 Ground Transportation	608	134
are grouped according	54 Trucking and Related Services	508	126
to their main industry	55 Water Transportation	423	
to their main moustry	그 생활되는 것은 것 같아요. 그 것 같아요. 그 것 같아요. 이야기는 것 같아요. 그 가슴에서 가슴이 그는 것에서 가슴을 가지 않는다. 가슴에서 사람		14
	56 Operation of Railways and Airports	185	4
* Claims Accepted.	57 TV and Radio Stations, Installation and Servicing (etc)	29	35
	58 Power, Telephone and Other Public Utilities	299	6
*** Does not include	59 Helicopters, Flying Schools and Insect Spraying (etc)	378	26
37 Claims attributed to	CLASS 6 TOTAL	1156	614
default employer	61 Wholesale Trade	173	40
(Industrial Disease) or	62 Retail Trade (confectionary, clothing, dry goods, etc)	94	291
hose attributed to Self	63 Heavy Equipment Repair (etc)	258	58
Employed	66 Service Stations, Garages, Automotive Dealers (etc)	152	61
	67 Retail Trade (groceries, hardware, furniture, bakeries, etc)	479	164
	CLASS 7 TOTAL	2406	862
	71 Business & Professional Services	537	456
	74 Health & welfare and related services	916	85
	75 Recreation & amusement services	16	35
	76 Hotels, Motels, Restaurants and Clubs	538	154
	77 Personal Services, Barbers, Beauty Salons, Drycleaners (etc)	9	20
	78 Camp and Industrial Caterers	158	13
	79 Other Services	232	99
	CLASS 8 TOTAL	3297	134
	81 Government of the Northwest Territories	2067	32
	82 Local Authorities	1026	1.1
	83 D.E.W. Line	and the form whereas a second	92
	그는 그는 것 같은 것 같	192	3
	85 Forest Fire Fighters	12	/
	Total	24627	3189



Employer Statistics

Claim Expenses (\$000)	Number of Claims**	% Time Loss	12,000
148	37	48.65%	Assessments
145	32	46.88%	
3	5	60.00%	
5120	908	16.20%	
4669	843	13.50%	
451	65	50.80%	
1192	100	47.00%	
1005	73	52.10%	그는 가슴을 잘 되는 것 수 없는 것 것 같아요. 그는 것
187	27	33.30%	
3555	749	38.50%	
1833	390	41.80%	
637	99	33.30%	
196	37	37.80%	
25	3	100.00%	
103	76	36.80%	
555	128	30.50%	이 지수는 것이 같은 것이 집에 많이 다 많이 다 안에 가지 않는 것이 같이 있는 것이 가지 않는 것이 없다.
206	16	50.00%	이 전 것 같은 것
1877	364	38.50%	
175	18	16.70%	
157	78	37.20%	
362	63	54.00%	
242	43	46.50%	
372	55	30.90%	
61	8	37.50%	
57	4	50.00%	
216	75	30.70%	
235	20	55.00%	
1015	343	33.20%	
78	35	28.60%	
43	33	42.40%	
43 161	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		이 같은 그 것 같은
309	29 37	27.60% 29.70%	
309 424	209	29.70%	
424	209 544	24.30%	
220	544 86	24.30%	
220 591	289	24.40% 19.00%	() X (-200
	1		1% 12/0 2%
5	2 121	0.00%	Public Admin
510	131	42.70%	5 30%
3	1	0.00%	
50	12	0.00%	T IO
124	23	26.10%	101
1838	526	38.20%	
1172	311	38.30%	Convioon
568	172	40.10%	000/ 070
79	30	16.70%	
19	13	61.50%	
16248	3571***	30.50%	

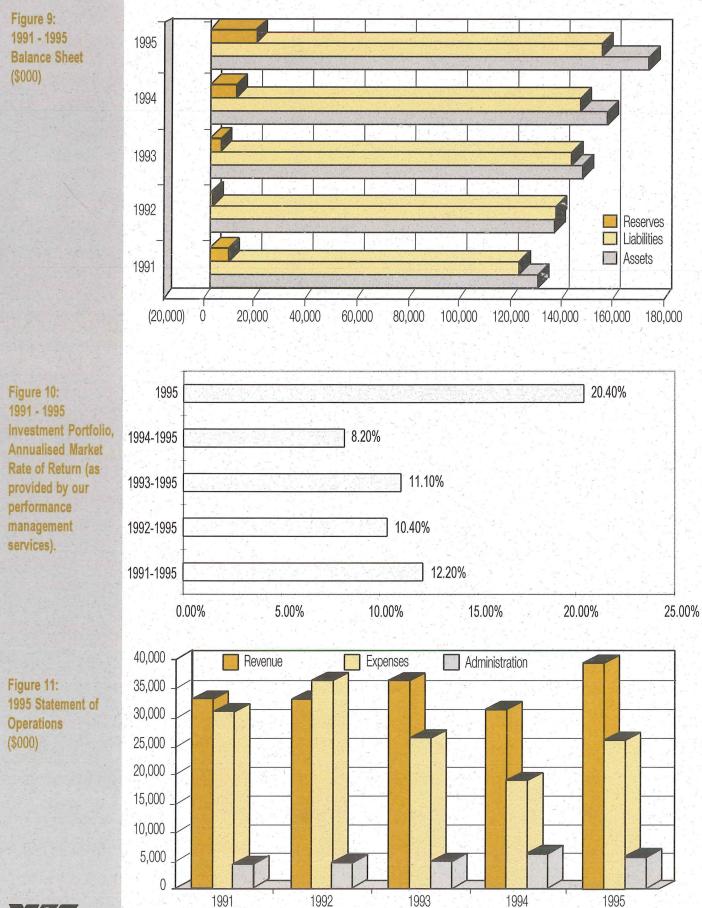
Figure 7: Comparison of essments and enses, Per Claim, ndustry Class

m expenses are total of the costs he year of accident all estimated e liabilities.

re 8: Assessable roll By Industry



Financial Statistics





Workers' Compensation Board of the Northwest Territories

Box 8888 Yellowknife, NT X1A 2R3

Telephone Toll-Free Fax (403) 920-3888 1-800-661-0792 (403) 873-4596

The Board's offices are on the 3rd and 4th floors of the Centre Square Building. Public office hours are 9:00 to 4:30, weekdays. Telephone service is available 8:30 to 5:00.

